

The Adair County News.

VOLUME XIV

COLUMBIA, ADAIR COUNTY, KENTUCKY, WEDNESDAY SEPT. 13, 1911.

NUMBER 45

Splendid Lecture.

Mrs. P. C. Weaver, of Louisville, who, when a young lady, was a resident of Columbia, her father, Eld. Caleb Sewell, being the pastor of the Christian Church here, and a teacher in C. C. College, addressed a large audience at the court-house Thursday evening. She was introduced by Gov. J. R. Hindman, who took occasion to say that she was remembered as Miss Annie Sewell, who was known here as a cultured young lady, and quite popular with all her associates; that she went with her parents to Louisville and married the Mayor of the city. He was quickly corrected by Mrs. Weaver, who said, she married P. C. Weaver and made him Mayor.

The speaker's subject was the "Improvement of the Public Schools." She talked about one hour, showing that she was deeply interested in her theme, giving many reasons why there should be many changes in the methods of teaching, and in the school buildings, and the formation of school leagues in each district. Having been a teacher herself, she could cite the needs, bringing out her points clear and forcibly.

Mrs. Weaver takes a great interest in the affairs of women, the work they are doing and can do, and is a leading spirit among the prominent ladies of Louisville.

While here she stopped at the home of Governor Hindman, and during the evening met many of her old friends.

A Quartet composed of Prof. J. D. Farris, Mr. Wesley Turner, Rev. D. H. Howerton and Prof. W. M. Wilson, rendered melodiously three beautiful songs before the lecture commenced. She went from here to Tennessee.

Tribute of Respect.

Whereas, Mrs. Georgia R. Shelton once taught in the public schools of Adair county and was at one time County Superintendent of Adair county, and

Whereas, God, in His infinite wisdom, has seen fit to call her to the life beyond; therefore, be it

Resolved, First: That we recognize in her death that the people of Adair county lose a woman of broad mind, loving disposition, and one who stood for high ideals in education.

Second: That the teachers of Adair county realize the loss of one who has done so much for the cause of education both in her teaching and as serving as an official, and that her life was a noble example which we may strive to imitate.

Third: That we tender to the bereaved family our sincere sympathy; that we condole with them in the loss of a loving sister and mother, who taught by precept goodness and kindness.

Fourth: That a copy of these resolutions be published in the Adair County News, and a copy sent to the family.

W. M. Wilson,
G. W. Turner,
Mrs. J. W. Walker.

Notice.

In obedience to an order of the Adair County Court, the voters of the Gradyville voting district No. 5 in Adair County, Ky., are hereby notified that at the Regular State Election held on November the 7th, 1911, in said district, the question will be submitted to them whether or not cattle or other species thereof shall be permitted to run at large in said district.

Given under my hand as Sheriff of Adair County, Ky. this Sept., the 9th, 1911. A. D. Patteson, S. A. C.

45-4t

Dr. William Voits, who is making his home with his great grandson, Everett Yates, at Fairplay, Adair county, was 103 years old the 2nd day of last January. He is a very remarkable man, being in fine health at this time. This year he cultivated, with his own hands, ten acres of corn. His eye-sight and hearing are good. He reads The Adair County News every week without glasses. He was married three times. No children by his last wife, but twenty one by the first two.

As an evidence of the high esteem in which she was held, the Presbyterian church would not accommodate all the friends who were here to attend the funeral of Mrs. Georgia Shelton. The services were conducted by her pastor, Rev. J. R. Crawford, who told feelingly the life, character and usefulness of the deceased. His words certainly brought consolation to the living, especially to the immediate family of the departed. From the church a large concourse of people followed the remains to the cemetery.

The campaign is fairly opened and Democrats throughout the State are busy.

Death of a Bright Little Boy.

Allen, the four year old son of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Miller, joined the angel band last Wednesday morning at 6:30. While no sin had ever come into his life, his death brought sorrow, not only to his parents and little sisters, but to many who had learned to love him. He was a bright little boy, the sunshine of the home and a general favorite. The old people were very fond of him, and strong men expressed the deepest sympathy for the parents during his short illness, every body anxious for his recovery, and when his little spirit took its flight, all heads bowed in sorrow.

Religious services were held at the residence Thursday morning, conducted by Eld. Z. T. Williams. Many of the little fellow's admirers, old and young, were present, and quite a number went with the remains to Crocus, the parent's former home, where the body was interred. There were many beautiful floral offerings.

His death was caused by an accident, which was reported in last week's News.

"Son" as he loved to be called, thy sun is set, but your bright face and happy expressions will not be forgotten.

Dear little boy with eyes so blue,
It was hard, very hard to see you go.
But after while, we'll understand
Your departure to Father land.

Stole a March on Their Frinds.

Mr. J. L. McLean, a prominent contractor and grocer of this place, and Miss Estelle Bennett, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hamp Bennett, were quietly married at the residence of Rev. D. H. Howerton, pastor of the Baptist Church, this city, last Sunday night at 8:30 o'clock. The groom is a very successful business man, and his many friends will be glad to learn that he has been happily wedded to one of Adair county's best young ladies. In a few hours after the ceremony the couple left for Louisville, where they will spend the week, taking in the Fair and other places of interest. It is our understanding that upon their return they will go to housekeeping in Mr. McLean's residence, now occupied by Mr. J. T. Barbee, Jr.

The News extends its best wishes.

Notice.

The voters of the Elroy voting precinct No. 6, in Adair county, Ky., are hereby notified that at the regular State election to be held on Tuesday, Nov. 7th, 1911, the question will be submitted to said voters, as to whether or not cattle or other species thereof, shall run at large in said voting precinct.

Given under my hand as Judge of the Adair county court, this 4th day of September, 1911.

N. H. Moss, J. A. C. C.

Died at Lakeland.

Miss Mollie Wilson, a native of Ohio, an aunt of Mrs. Z. T. Williams, of this place, died at Lakeland Asylum last Wednesday morning. She was never married and was seventy-eight years old. She came to Columbia last year with the view of making her home with Mrs. Williams, but in a few months she became unbalanced and gradually grew worse until it was necessary to send her to the asylum. Her remains reached here Thursday forenoon, and in the afternoon religious services were held in the Christian church, conducted by Elder Z. T. Williams. The interment was in the city cemetery.

Back at her Post.

Miss Lorena Pyle, who has been absent from the Exchange for several months, returned to her post last Wednesday morning. She is a very superior operator, and the people generally are very glad that she is again able to take her position. She is quick and accurate, rendering valuable services to the company, and also to the patrons of the various lines.

For Sale.

I desire to sell my stock of millinery goods at greatly reduced prices. The stock is clean and desirable. I will also sell my rubber tier buggy, comparatively new, a good wheelbarrow and a first-class lawn mower. I will take pleasure in showing the above named articles.

Mrs. Lou W. Atkins,
Columbia, Ky.

"Wator," the alligator, the property of Oma and Jo Barbee, died at Monticello during the first day of the Fair. The boys had him on exhibition.

Resolutions of Adair County Institute.

We, the teachers of Adair county, recognizing the present Institute as the best our county has ever held, having had with us some of the best educational leaders of the State, and as a result of their presence the educational interest has been awakened, and that the benefits derived therefrom will leave an impression of good upon the county that will only improve with time, do therefore resolve:

1st That it is the sense of the Institute that the teachers of the county should be paid according to the classification of certificates, length of service rendered and professional training, and that the minimum salary not less than forty dollars per month;

2nd That the Institute of Adair County endorse resolutions adopted by the K. E. A., at its session this year, relating to educational legislation.

3rd That the teachers of the county favor a plan looking toward holding a commencement exercise for the graduates from the rural schools to be held during the session of our next Institute, and that each teacher pledge his service to the accomplishment of this end;

4th That we indorse the good work being done by the County High School, and pledge our co-operation with its management;

5th That we thank Prof. V. O. Gilbert, McHenry Rhodes, and Mrs. C. P. Weaver for the splendid service they gave us, and that we heartily approve of their work;

6th That we feel that the service of our instructor, Prof. W. J. Craig, has been of inestimable value to the teachers of the county, and as an expression of our approval of his efficient work, do ask our County Superintendent to secure his service for the year 1912;

7th That we recognize in our County Superintendent, an enthusiastic worker for the cause of education, and we heartily approve of her efforts to raise the standard of education, and pledge ourselves as a body of teachers, to co-operate with her in this great work.

8th That a copy of these resolutions be sent to The Adair County News for publication.

E. A. Strange,
G. W. Turner,
Susie V. Johnston
Committee.

Come and Hear Him.

If the people of Adair county want to hear a real speaker they should be in Columbia next Monday at 1 o'clock, p. m. Hon. E. J. McDermott, Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and one of Kentucky's most gifted sons, will be here and will address the people on the political issues of the day.

Death of Dr. Arch Strange.

The Subject of this notice died at Black's Ferry in Tennessee, last Monday morning. He was about sixty-eight years old, and had been a practicing physician for many years. When quite a young man he was married to Miss Ermine Tutt, of this county, who is a first cousin to Messrs. J. R. Tutt, Milltown, and N. M. Tutt, this place. The deceased was an uncle of Messrs. J. C. and Elmo Strange and Mrs. Sam Beck, all of Columbia. The relatives here were notified that the remains would be brought from Tennessee to the deceased's old home on Big Renox, Cumberland county, for interment. He is survived by his wife and seven or eight children, five sisters and two brothers. He was a native of Adair county, and was a son of Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Strange, who died on Big Renox, several years ago.

Four Thousand Dollars.

This is to certify that J. E. Murrell, agent of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, has this day paid me four thousand dollars, as executor of the will of the late S. D. Crenshaw, and being the amount of insurance said Crenshaw held in said company.

Sept. 11, 1911. Rollin Hurt, Ex'r.

If there are persons who are contemplating taking out insurance, they could find no better company than the old reliable Connecticut Mutual.

J. E. Murrell.

Hon. E. J. McDermott at the court-house next Monday afternoon. People who live a long distance from Columbia, should be here. It will be a great speech, and it will come from a man who is recognized by all parties as a gentleman of superior ability.

Reed Hardware Company are making preparations to erect a large warehouse on the corner of the Miller lot on Water Street. They are now receiving lumber, and the building will be put up in October.

Close of the Institute.

After being in session four and a half days, the Institute closed at noon Friday. It was a very interesting and profitable session from the beginning to the end. Prof. Craig, who was the instructor, is a very entertaining man and he advanced many new methods, which will doubtless prove of great benefit to the teachers. His lecture Wednesday evening was scholarly and very much enjoyed by the many who heard it. Tuesday evening the teachers and young people about town met in the court house hall in a social capacity, ice cream being served. Miss Hindman, the Superintendent, did everything in her power to make the coming together pleasant and profitable.

Notice.

In obedience to the Adair County Court, the voters of Milltown voting district No. 3 in Adair County, Ky., are hereby notified that at the Regular State Election held on Nov. the 7th, 1911, in said district, the question will be submitted to them whether or not cattle or other species thereof, shall be permitted to run at large in said voting district.

Given under my hand as Sheriff of Adair County, Ky. this Sept 9, 1911.

A. D. Patteson, S. A. C.

A Sad Death.

Mrs. Grace Sublett, who was the wife of Mr. Jesse Sublett, died last Thursday night at her home, in the Pelham neighborhood. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Shepherd, and was an excellent young woman, and will be sadly missed. A few nights before her death she became the mother of twins. The babies are alive, and heroic efforts will be made to rear them. The entire neighborhood is in sympathy with the husband and all the relatives. A large number of friends attended the funeral and interment. The deceased was only about twenty years of age. She was a consistent member of the Christian Church.

The members of the Baptist church are hereby reminded that Wednesday evening, the 13th, is the time for our regular business meeting. At this time we should transact our matters of business preparatory for the Association, which meets October 4th. On next Sunday the pastor will speak in the interest of training for more efficient service in our Bible School. The members of the Sunday School will take notice that the offering for this Sunday is to go for State Missions.

D. H. Howerton, Pastor.

SALT FOR SALE.

I have an honest 7 bushel barrel salt, which cost only 15 cents more than the 5 bushel barrel which you buy elsewhere. 33-3t Sam Lewis

Miss Rogers, of Chicago, a member of the Presbyterian Woman's Board of Home Missions will occupy the pulpit of the Presbyterian church on the morning of the fourth Sunday. In the afternoon of the same day she will speak at the Union Presbyterian church. Miss Rogers should have full houses to hear her.

It will be gratifying to the many friends of the family to learn that Thomas Cyrus, the little son of Mrs. Zilpah Wheat who has had an afflicted ankle for two years, is rapidly getting well. He can now walk a little without crutches, and in a few weeks he will be able to discard them, and walk without limping.

There will be a Congregational Meeting of the Presbyterian Church, held in connection with the mid-week service on Wednesday Evening at 7 o'clock. All members of the congregation are requested to be present.

Rev. J. R. Crawford, pastor, assisted by the Rev. W. B. Holmes, D. D., Evangelist from Tennessee, and Mr. Presley Clark, singer, from Bowling Green, Ky., will begin revival services in the Edmonton Presbyterian church next Sabbath.

All the stewards, trustees and Sunday school Supt., are urgently requested to meet with the pastor at the Methodist church next Wednesday night. Important business which must be attended to.

R. M. Currie, Pastor.

It's just two weeks now until the Louisville Annual Conference convenes, and the pastor of the Methodist church here is anxious that every member shall contribute some thing for the benevolent claims of the church. See him at once.

The Lindsey-Wilson, A Home Institution.

The opening of this well-known school Tuesday, September 5th was very gratifying to the Principals, Messrs. Neilson & Moss, who have become permanent residents of Columbia, and who are doing every thing they can to educate the boys and girls of Adair and adjoining counties. It is expected in a very short time more pupils will be on the hill than any other year in the past. The principals have secured the services of an excellent corps of assistants, teachers who are interested in the success of the institution, and there is no just reason why it should not be patronized by all home people.

It is an enterprise established largely by the people of Adair county, and we take it that those who are interested in the building up of the town and county are proud that such a school has been established in our midst. Tuition and board away from home is very expensive, hence a home institution should be encouraged by home people. The dormitories at the Lindsey-Wilson are in excellent condition, the rooms of ample size and well ventilated. Good wholesome food. Send in your boys and girls. They will receive best of treatment, and will be advanced as rapidly as at any other school in Kentucky in the same class with the Lindsey-Wilson. The course of studies are laid down in the catalogue, and they will be taught thoroughly.

No. 6769.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

AT COLUMBIA, IN THE STATE OF KENTUCKY, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS SEPT. 1, 1911

RESOURCES.	
Loans and discounts.....	77,856.35
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured.....	2,643.21
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation.....	25,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc.....	28,181.12
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures.....	8,000.00
Due from National Banks (not reserved agents).....	4,000.00
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust Companies and Savings Banks.....	1,000.00
Due from approved reserve agents.....	10,000.00
Checks and other cash items.....	369.11
Notes of other National Banks.....	805.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents.....	414.63
Lawful money reserved in bank, viz: Specie.....	8,500.75
Legal-tender notes.....	1,800.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation).....	1,200.00
Total.....	173,967.50
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in.....	25,000.00
Surplus fund.....	15,500.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid.....	2,245.43
National Bank notes outstanding.....	25,000.00
Due to other National Banks.....	512.35
Dividends unpaid.....	105.60
Individual deposits subject to check.....	105,600.72
Total.....	\$173,967.50

STATE OF KENTUCKY,)
COUNTY OF ADAIR) ss:
I, E. H. Hughes, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.
E. H. HUGHES, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day Sept. of 1911.

G. P. SMYTHE, N. P. A. C.
Commission Expires, Jan. 24, 1914.

CORRECT-Attest:
HENRY N. MILLER, Director,
Z. T. WILLIAMS, Director,
BRAXTON MASSIE, Director.

On next Saturday at 7:30 p. m., the pastor will meet the members of Zion church and Sunday School, for the purpose of organizing a Teachers Training Class. Please let every member who is interested, meet with us at this time.

Mr. O. A. Taylor, of Montpelier, one of Adair county's best young men, has accepted a position with the Paull Drug Co., and is now at his post of duty. He has had several years experience as a druggist, and is a careful, painstaking gentleman. He invites his friends to call and see him.

Rev. Currie will preach his last sermon here, before the meeting of the Conference, next Sunday morning and night. Every body is invited to attend.

Mr. L. C. Winfrey was baptized into the Christian Church Sunday afternoon. Three others joined from other Christian churches.

For Sale.

Two large wagon frames, will sell cheap. Columbia Column Co.

Mr. J. P. Beard left for Louisville last week with a view of undergoing an operation.

Badly Hurt.

We learn from Mr. J. W. Knifley that a very serious trouble occurred on Green river last Thursday afternoon between two women, the wife of Mr. Zach Sanders, and Mrs. Nancy Richardson. Mr. Knifley states that Mrs. Sanders went to the home of Mrs. Richardson, called her, and invited her out to the fence. Some hot words passed, and Mrs. Sanders reached and got a rock, threw it, striking Mrs. Richardson on the head, cutting a severe gash. The wounded woman returned to her dwelling, and just as she reached the door she fell, senseless. A doctor was called, who pronounced her seriously hurt, and that her recovery was doubtful. She had several spasms during the night. Mrs. Richardson is the wife of Solomon Richardson, and bears a good reputation. Mrs. Sanders, also has stood well in the community. All the facts will be brought out at the examining trial.

Farm for Sale.

In the Eastern part of Adair county, Ky., 12 miles northeast Tarter P. O. 100 acres of average ridge land, 65 acres in cultivation in good condition, balance in timber. A good grain and stock farm, moderate buildings, three good springs, good orchard, outside range. Price, \$900. For information, address Marcus Tarter, 45-1m Tarter, Ky.

T. W. Wheat sold a mule colt last week to Oscar Ramsey, of Wayne county, for \$110. This was an extra colt, having been awarded the premium at Russell Springs and the Columbia Fairs and also at the colt show.

Mr. Sam Beck has sold his interest in the grocery store, conducted by Richardson & Beck, to the former, who will continue the business at the same old stand.

Be in Columbia next Monday, and hear Hon. E. J. McDermott, Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor. He will entertain you.

Graded School Begins.

The Public Schools of Columbia opened Monday, Sept., the 11th, with 182 pupils. This is the largest enrollment the school has yet had on a first day. There is no doubt that by the first of next week the enrollment will reach 200. There were 32 pupils enrolled in the High School department. This number will be increased in a few days.

There were present at the opening all four pastors of our churches, the County Superintendent, and several parents. Splendid talks were made by the pastors of the churches, the County Superintendent, and also by some of the patrons. All were delighted with the improvements in and about the school. All the grades are under teachers who have had special training for their work. The school starts full of life and enthusiasm. Both the teachers and the pupils intend for this to be by far the best year yet.

Hotel for Sale.

The Hotel known as the Hancock Hotel in Columbia, Ky., is for sale. It is located on Burkesville, street in said town, has 23 rooms, is comparatively new; has fine well, two stables, one used as a livery stable and the other as a private stable; the finest garden spot in Columbia. The hotel is well furnished. Will sell all the furniture and everything connected with it. The hotel enjoys as fine patronage as any hotel ever run in Columbia. For any further particulars apply to or address, Junius Hancock, Columbia, Ky.

Cash for Accounts and Notes

Comes easily if you place them with us for collection. We collect notes and accounts and look after claims any where in the United States, and do not make any charges unless we collect. If any body owes you, write us about it. May's Collection Agency. 45-3m Somerset Ky

The Adair County Board of Education will meet the last Saturday in every month, at the office of the County Superintendent. All claims in the several districts must be presented to the chairman, and will only be paid at these regular meetings.

Pearl Hindman, Supt.

White Cook wanted at Lindsey-Wilson School.

Born, to the wife of Robt. Stotts, Dirigo, September the 7th, a son.

GOVERNOR M'CREARY'S OPENING SPEECH

He Begins His Campaign at Bowling Green in a Strong Address That Is Received With Great Enthusiasm.

One of the Largest Crowds That Ever Attended a Political Meeting in the State Greeted the Ex-Governor.

He Proclaims Himself in Favor of the Extension of the County Unit Law, and Leaves No Doubt of His Position.

A HEARTY, SINCERE, RINGING DOCUMENT

BOWLING GREEN, Ky., Sept. 4.—Governor James B. McCreary, Democratic nominee for Governor, opened his campaign in this city today. The largest crowd that ever attended a political meeting here was present. Democratic voters poured in from the surrounding counties to give their personal approval to their party leader and to indorse the platform upon which he is asking the votes of the people. The enthusiasm with which Governor McCreary was received gives evidence of an aroused party spirit, which augurs well for Democratic success.

His speech was a complete review of the political situation in Kentucky and the nation. It leaves no live subject untouched. It calls the Republican party to account for its failures to live up to its platform pledges.

Governor McCreary delivered a masterful speech. He heartily indorsed every plank in the Democratic platform, and left no doubt in the minds of his hearers where he stands on every public question.

His speech in full is as follows:

Fellow Citizens: I have the honor of addressing you today as the regularly nominated candidate of the Democratic party for the office of Governor.

No words I can utter seem strong enough to express my gratitude for the nomination given to me by the Democrats of Kentucky.

I can only say I am sincerely and earnestly thankful for the great honor conferred upon me, and I shall try with whatever energy or intellect I possess to carry the Democratic flag to victory, and if I am elected Governor of Kentucky I will have no personal schemes to advance, no individual aspirations to promote, but I shall do all in my power to discharge every duty required of me faithfully and efficiently, and try in every proper way to uplift Kentucky, promote progress, improvement and advancement, preserve law and order and uphold all that will bring prosperity to the State and happiness to the people.

It will always be a source of pleasure to me that Madison County where I have resided all my life and where I am thoroughly known, indorsed me for the office of Governor, with only 34 votes against me in the primary election and 2,400 votes for me, in a very busy season, being not far from the 6th Democratic vote of the county and in the Eighth Congressional District, which I represented in Congress for twelve years. I was indorsed by a majority in the primary election of over 6,000 votes.

At the outset I wish to say with emphasis, if I am elected Governor I will not be controlled by a clique, machine or individual, but I shall be as I was before when I had the honor to be Chief Executive—the Governor of the State according to the Constitution and the law.

Duty of Democrats.

There was never a time in our State when Democrats should be more alert and aggressive, more harmonious and united, than the present time. Kentucky Democrats are to fight the opening political battle this year, which will precede the great National battle for President next year. Kentucky Democrats will help start the movement which I believe will result in the election of a Democratic President in 1912.

While Democrats in other States are carrying the Democratic flag full high advanced to victory and increased majorities, Democrats in Kentucky must not falter or hesitate, but rather be energetic, enthusiastic, invincible, victorious.

The State of Kentucky.

The first and foremost subject to enlist attention of all is the State of Kentucky. There is everywhere in our State a greater desire for progress, improvement and advancement than ever before. The location, the climate, the resources, the splendid men and the attractive women show that we have everything to make Kentucky one of the greatest States in the Union, if proper efforts are made.

I was born and reared in Kentucky, and I have always loved my native State, and it is but natural for me to wish to see her outstrip all of her sister States in every material interest and every desirable form of progress. Kentucky occupies a central place in the great Mississippi Valley, and no part of the world shows greater progress and activity than that vast region stretching from the Alleghenies westward to the Rocky Mountains, and southward to the Gulf of Mexico, containing an area of a million and a quarter square miles, and having a population of thirty millions, and possessing natural advantages unexcelled by any section of the globe.

While her sister States are developing and utilizing every advantage, Kentucky must go forward also. We live in an age of progress and development, and the pulse and pace of the

world have been greatly quickened. Our State must keep step to the music of the age, and we must have united, aggressive efforts for industrial and commercial supremacy, and Kentucky must forge to the front as one of the leading States of the Union in farming, in manufactures, in mining, in education, and in all the varied interests of a great people inhabiting a great State.

Few States, if any, in our Republic have such geological formations, such diversity of soils and mines, and such varied attractions as Kentucky.

Great Agricultural and Mining State. The soil of Kentucky is very rich for agricultural purposes. Nowhere can be found better producing tobacco land, better producing hemp land, better producing corn, wheat, rye, oats and barley lands.

Our State produces nearly one-third of the tobacco grown in the United States and 90 per cent of the hemp of the United States is produced in Kentucky.

With an area of 41,283 square miles only about 1,500 square miles are unfit for agriculture. Our coal fields are unexcelled in any State, there being 15,680 square miles of coal-bearing



GOV. JAMES B. M'CREARY.

area, with coking coal in seven counties of the western coal fields and ten counties in the eastern coal fields, and canal coal in abundance.

Her timber districts are immense, comprising vast forests of merchantable timber of every variety, and iron ore, lead, zinc, building stone and pottery clay abound in almost inexhaustible quantities, while rich, paying oil wells have been opened in various sections of the State.

Kentucky has over 2,000 miles of rivers, including the Ohio and Mississippi rivers where they bound its borders, and over 3,000 miles of railroads are ready and convenient for travel and transportation, and her live stock is not excelled in any part of the world.

Will Be Great Manufacturing State. Kentucky is not only a great agricultural and mining State, but her manufactures are extensive and increasing rapidly, and being situated midway between the Northern Lakes and the Gulf of Mexico, and between the Eastern and Western ranges of the North American Mountains, is destined on account of location and facilities to become after a while a great manufacturing State.

When Solon the great Athenian law-giver, was full of years and full of honors he said: "I have done all in my power to improve my country and to defend its laws." If Kentuckians will emulate his example we will have a great era of development in our commonwealth.

I will always be ready, whether in

office or not in office, to do all in my power to improve and develop Kentucky.

The Achievements of Democrats in Kentucky.

The Democratic party is the Party of Progress, the Party of Peace and Law and Order, the Party of Liberty and Equal Rights, the party that has given to Kentucky its educational advantages, its development and its advancement, and therefore, if Kentucky improves, Democracy must be triumphant in our State.

I point you to the contrast between Republican rule and Democratic rule in Kentucky.

As against the Republican record of assassination, bloodshed and disregard of law I present the Democratic record for peace, strict regard for human life, and respect for and maintenance of law and order. As against a treasury with only \$338,852.69 and unpaid warrants against the State amounting in July last to \$1,359,502, bearing 5 per cent interest, I present the Democratic record of a magnificent State Capitol, erected and paid for without any extra tax, and every just claim against the State promptly paid in full.

As against Republican platform pledges and promises that have been broken, Democrats present a record showing all pledges and promises faithfully complied with. I call attention to the record which shows that the State debt was about one million dollars before the Democrats came into power in 1900, and was wiped out by Democrats.

In the treasury of a million dollars, and since Republican Governor Wilson was inaugurated the State is in debt more than a million of dollars. A Democratic Legislature established two State Normal Schools for the training of the teachers of the State, and made appropriations for their maintenance, and established the State University, and also appropriated money for its benefit. The common school law of Kentucky was enacted by a Democratic Legislature, and all the improvements and increased facilities for education came through Democratic legislation. A Democratic Legislature re-established the Geological Survey, provided for a Confederate Home, with proper appropriations for the support of Confederate veterans, and enacted a law for the benefit of the Children's Home Society and made it a State institution, and enlarged the Agricultural Department so as to include forestry and immigration and established a Normal School at Frankfort, Ky., for colored people, and made liberal appropriations for its maintenance.

Republicans Can Refer to No Beneficial Legislation, and Their Record Does Not Deserve Indorsement.

Republicans can refer to no legislation originated or enacted by them in Kentucky which has increased educational facilities, added to internal improvements, adjusted or lightened burdens of taxation or benefited Kentucky in any way.

The record shows, however, a remarkable military history, in which the expenditures for active militia in three and a half years under Governor Wilson amounts to \$277,158.87, or an average expenditure per year of \$79,188.24, as against \$29,359.16, or an average expenditure per year of \$7,339.79 for the four last years of Governor Beckham's administration.

Thus it will be seen that the Republican expenses are nearly ten times as much for active militia in three years and a half as Democrats expended in four years.

Since so much has been said in the newspapers about expenditures for active militia, I have been asked to state the expenditures for active militia the four years I was Governor, and I have obtained the statement from the Auditor's office, showing that for the four years I was Governor there was expended for the active militia \$20,401.68, or \$5,100.17 per annum, being one fifteenth as much per annum as under the present Republican administration.

I have been asked also to state how many days I was absent from the State during my four years' service as Governor. The record shows I was absent from the State during my entire term thirty-four days, and the State paid to the Lieutenant Governor for that period \$102, while the present Republican Governor has been absent from the State 335 days, and Lieutenant Governor Cox has drawn for this time \$4,256.26 for acting as Governor, the per diem being \$12.80, and Governor Wilson drawing the same amount for the same 235 days.

The record also shows that the thirteenth section of the last Republican platform adopted in 1907 promised that if put in power Republicans would "reduce the taxes to the lowest possible rate consistent with an efficient administration of the State government." More than three years and a half of the Republican administration has passed and we have not heard anything more about the proposed reduction in taxes. The people, however, have felt a movement of the opposite character. There has been no direct increase in the tax rate, but it was necessary to raise money to pay the increased expenses inaugurated by Republicans, and they have resorted to an indirect method of raising the rate. The Republican State Board of Equalization increased the valuation of property as turned in from the counties. Take the years 1910 and 1911 as examples. In several counties this raise has been as great as 25 per cent and in other counties 20 per cent, and 15 per cent and 12 per cent. In 1910 ninety-three counties were raised, the average raise being about 12 per cent. In 1911 seventy-two counties have been raised, the average raise being a little more than 9 per cent. Thus it will be seen that while the State tax rate was not actually increased, the result was the same in these counties as if it had been raised an average of 12 per cent in 1910 and an average of 9 per cent in 1911. This was equivalent to raising the State tax rate on these counties from 50 cents on the \$100 to 56 cents in 1910 and 54½ cents in 1911.

The Legislature, with the approval of the Governor, has the power to increase the tax rate, but the Republican Board of Equalization usurped

the functions of the Legislature and in effect raised the tax rate.

Take Warren County as an example. In 1910 the Republican State Board of Equalization raised Warren County 15 per cent on lands, town lots and personalty. This made a raise of \$791,092 in lands, \$480,670 in town lots and \$212,440 in personalty, making a total raise for that year on Warren County property of \$1,484,202.

For this year 1911, Warren County was raised 10 per cent on lands, town lots and personalty, making a raise on lands of \$555,106, on town lots \$333,268, and on personalty of \$157,694, or a total raise on the property of the county of \$1,046,068, thus making a total raise for the two years of \$2,530,270 on the property of the county.

As the State tax rate is 50 cents on the \$100 it will be seen that this raise on Warren County for the two years has added over \$12,000 in taxes paid to the State alone. As this raise also affects county, city and district taxes, doubtless the raise caused an increase for all these local purposes of more than twice \$12,000, as local rates are probably more than a dollar on the \$100, as against 50 cents for the State rate.

So it can be stated that for all purposes the citizens of Warren County have had to pay, in the two years, because of these raises, about \$36,000 additional taxes.

As long as Kentucky is a sovereign State the people will hold leading Republicans responsible for the record they have made in Kentucky when they brought soldiers to the Capitol of the State and made bayonets superior to law and soldiers superior to legislators; when they caused Judges of the Court of Appeals and State Legislators to pass under bayonets on the way to their respective official duties.

When soldiers and gatling guns and cannons were placed on the Capitol grounds, when the duly-elected Governor was cowardly assassinated and Republicans made no protest, and made no effort to have the assassins of the Governor arrested, and when the assassins were brought to justice and tried and convicted, a Republican Governor pardoned them.

There is nothing clearer in our State than that Republicans have no right, because of anything they have done, to govern Kentucky. They have been weighed in the balance and found wanting.

Republicans Are Endeavoring to Divert Attention of Voters From Their Record.

One of the principal issues in this campaign is, Shall the Republican party, with its record in Kentucky and in the United States be given a new lease of power by the election of Republican candidates to the highest State offices, and thus put upon them the seal of approval by the people, and tell them to renew and revive the outrages and extravagance and burdensome taxation which they have upheld and advocated?

Republicans are endeavoring to divert attention of voters from the unparallel record they have made, both in the State and the Nation, by injecting immaterial, irrelevant or unsupported issues, hoping to draw the people away from main questions and have the campaign pitched on side questions. I believe the people have the requisite virtue and intelligence to rid the politics of the State of demoralizing and improper influences, and Democrats will see that Republicans are held responsible for their acts both in State and in National affairs.

Clean Politics and No Bosses or Machines.

I have always been in favor of clean politics, and opposed to bosses, machines or rings.

When I had the honor to be Governor before, no Republican or any other man ever charged that there were bosses, rings or machines at that time.

Judge O'Rear, in his speech at Elizabethtown, tried to appear as the apostle of good government and pure elections, and he spoke at length about political machines and boss rule in Kentucky.

These are strange utterances by a Republican who has voted so often to indorse National Republican rule, which has been conspicuous for the support of boss-ridden and machine-ridden Republican States.

When a Republican speaks in favor of clean politics and against machines after the record made by the Republican party in Kentucky, Illinois, New York, Pennsylvania, California and in Southern States, it must be regarded as one of the wonders of the present time. For years New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Connecticut and Ohio were under boss rule and machine control until a majority of the voters determined to overthrow bosses and machines, and Democrats and Republicans rose in their majesty and power and overthrew Republican rule and placed Democrats in control of the States I have named.

I know there is no boss rule or machine rule in Kentucky at the present time unless it is in the Republican party. There are some Republicans who believe there was a Republican machine when the last State Republican convention was held at Louisville, and the steam roller was run over a worthy ex-Federal soldier and other prominent candidates in order to carry out the "plan and specifications" determined upon by the bosses of the Republican party.

State-Wide Primary Elections—The Remedy.

Judge O'Rear said in his Elizabethtown speech: "State-wide primary election is the remedy for bossism and machine rule, etc."

I have always been an advocate of primary elections.

About eight months ago twenty-six Democratic candidates for the State offices met in Louisville by invitation of the Democratic State Executive Committee to consult as to whether the State Democratic candidates should be nominated by a State convention or by a State primary election. I advocated a primary election and I used arguments now presented by Judge O'Rear in favor of the primary election. I said in addressing the Democratic State Executive Committee, "If we wish the Democratic

toters to take an interest in the candidates, and in the election, we must have methods for the nomination of the party candidates which will insure general participation in the election, and I believe a primary election according to the statutes of Kentucky is the best plan to select the nominees for the various offices."

The statutes of Kentucky prescribe the rules and regulations for nominating in primary elections candidates for State, district, county or municipal offices. There is no statute regulating State conventions or county conventions.

Success is always greatly promoted if we have equal rights for all and special privileges for none, and opportunities given to all Democrats to assist in nominating the candidates they will support at the general election are encouraging to the voters. The humblest Democrat has as much right to participate in the nomination of Democratic State officers as the most prominent and influential Democrat, and the farmer in the country should have equal chances with the Democrats in a town or city. Comparatively few persons attend county conventions, and often 100 persons, or a less number, in a county convention choose delegates or instruct for candidates, while several thousand Democratic voters of the county are absent at their homes.

Advantage of Primary.

The government should be brought close to the people, and there can be no bosses or rings or machines in connection with a primary election and honestly held, and all who know me know I would not accept a nomination unless it came to me honestly and fairly. Experience has taught the people to appreciate primary elections. In every Democratic county in Kentucky primary elections are held to nominate the county officers, and every State south of Kentucky holds primary elections to nominate county and State officers, and many of the Northern and Western States nominate their county and State officers in primary elections.

A few months ago there was a conference of Governors and Governors-elect at Frankfort and Louisville, and in a discussion on primary elections all except one favored primary elections, and thirty-seven were present.

The State Democratic Executive Committee ordered a primary election to be held on the first day of July, 1911, in every precinct of the State under the primary election law of the State of Kentucky, to nominate candidates for the State officers and United States Senator.

I was nominated, as were all the other Democratic candidates for State offices, at the primary election held July 1, 1911, according to the plan suggested by Judge O'Rear as a remedy for machine rule, except that the State did not pay the expenses, but the Democratic platform recently adopted at the State Democratic convention contains a resolution declaring in favor of a direct primary election law at the public expense.

How Were Judge O'Rear and His Ticket Nominated?

Judge O'Rear and his associates on the Republican ticket were nominated by a convention held in Louisville, Ky. He wrote the platform, and he says the provisions of the platform were in the main set forth in the announcement of his candidacy three months before the convention was held. According to the statements of Republicans, he named the candidates to be nominated for the various State offices, and he also named the chairman of the State convention. About 2,000 Republicans voted in the Republican convention which nominated Judge O'Rear. Over 100,000 Democrats voted in the primary election in which I and other Democratic candidates for the State offices were nominated.

Very little perception is required to see that Judge O'Rear's nomination and the nomination of the other candidates on the Republican ticket looked far more like boss rule and machine rule than my nomination and the nomination of my associates on the Democratic ticket by a primary election.

If ever there was in any State a fair primary election wherein the people were uncontrolled and uninfluenced, assembled at their respective voting places and nominated candidates of their choice, it was at the Democratic State primary election held on the 1st day of July last.

Turbulent Times and Disgraceful Scenes.

We all remember the turbulent times and disgraceful scenes that marked Kentucky's history about ten years ago, when a motley crowd of Republicans marched to our State Capitol, and cannon were placed in the Capitol grounds and legislators and Judges of the Court of Appeals were driven to the city of Louisville for safety and protection. Where was Judge O'Rear then and why did he not raise his voice then as now for clean politics and law and order? Why did he not refer to these times in his platform, adopted by the Republican convention, as did Democrats in their platform, adopted by the Democratic convention?

While I am speaking of the late Republican State convention I must refer to conspicuous events in that convention, which have attracted wide attention.

That convention approved and indorsed the Republican administration of the affairs of the State and all means employed by that administration for the preservation of law and order, and although Judge O'Rear is said to have criticized Governor Wilson's military exploits, he was quick to get on the platform which indorsed the very thing which he was the first to criticize and denounce.

A conspicuous omission of the convention which nominated my distinguished opponent and other members of the Republican ticket was that the delegates did not deign to mention in the convention or in the platform the name of the present Republican Governor of Kentucky.

The most dramatic event in that Republican State Convention was Judge O'Rear's undertaking to eulogize Senator Bradley by declaring while he was making a speech: "I am proud to say of Senator Bradley that despite the machinations of the lobby, there

is one Senator on whose title there is no stain, and on whose record there is no blot." Why was it necessary to say anything on that subject? It seems to me that if the hour of eulogy had arrived it would have been more appropriate for Bradley to have eulogized O'Rear, as he had just been nominated as the Republican candidate for Governor.

Judge O'Rear's Resignation as a Judge of the Court of Appeals.

Judge O'Rear, in his Elizabethtown speech, to excuse himself for not resigning the office of Judge of the Court of Appeals while a candidate for Governor, referred to me as follows: "My distinguished opponent also holds an office of power and dignity as Peace Commissioner, perhaps with some profit, also. He has not resigned from that position, and I hope he will not resign."

If Judge O'Rear had asked me about this, I would have prevented him from misrepresenting me. I was President of the American Peace and Arbitration League, which has a large membership in various States, and whose main object is the settlement of international disagreements without war by an international arbitration tribunal.

When I decided to be a candidate for Governor I was unwilling to hold that office and not attend to its duties while a candidate for Governor, and I resigned, to take effect January 1, 1911. My associates tried for a while to keep me in office, but my resignation was finally accepted, and I received no pay from the first day of January, 1911. The letter of the General Secretary of the American Peace and Arbitration League accepting my resignation is as follows:

"April 20, 1911.

"Hon. James B. McCreary, Richmond, Ky.:

"Dear Sir—In compliance with your proposal at the directors' meeting of June, 1910, to retire January 1, 1911, in favor of Mr. Clark or Mr. Clews, if personal affairs require your attention in Kentucky, and in accord with your recent letter to Vice President Clark, reaffirming the same, your resignation as President of the American Peace and Arbitration League was accepted at an adjourned meeting of the Board of Directors, held at Mr. Clews' office, April 19, 1911.

"Vice President Clark declined the honor on account of business engagements requiring his absence many months in the year, and Mr. Clews was elected as President of the League.

"By unanimous vote of the board you were elected as Honorary Vice President. Kindly acknowledge receipt of this and oblige, Yours truly,

"ANDREW B. HUMPHREY,

"General Secretary."

I was under no obligation to resign, because I did not hold either a State office or a United States office, but I resigned because I was unwilling to neglect the duties of an important office while I was a candidate for Governor, and which I believed would consume nearly one year.

I should not have referred to Judge O'Rear holding an office while a candidate for Governor but for his reference to me.

Judge O'Rear has been, according to his own statement, a Judge of the Court of Appeals for eleven years. He has five years to serve as Judge before his present term expires. For two years it has been currently reported Judge O'Rear would be a candidate for Governor, and for a number of months before the Court of Appeals adjourned for the present summer recess he did not perform the duties of Judge, but was actively engaged making speeches and conducting his campaign and consulting with his political supporters, and he will be absent from his duties as Judge during the months of September and October. The average man will see Judge O'Rear's situation and the difficulty of discharging his duties as Judge during the years he was preparing to be a candidate for Governor, when voters, whose support he desired, had cases before him in the Court of Appeals which involved their property, liberty or life. They will also notice that during the months Judge O'Rear engaged in an active canvass for the nomination and in the campaign after his nomination, although not performing any of the duties of his office as Judge, he drew the salary of that office, which amounted to \$5,000 per annum, or \$416 per month, and announces that he will not resign unless elected Governor, and that he will appoint his own successor, and not have his successor appointed by Governor Wilson. It is no excuse for him, as stated by some of his friends, that in all the history of Kentucky no other Judge of the highest court of the State has ever done before as the jurist candidate of the Republican party is now doing, and that this is the first act of that kind, and therefore should be overlooked.

The Cases Cited by Judge O'Rear Are Not Analogous to His Case.

The cases cited by Judge O'Rear to excuse him for holding the office and drawing the salary of a Judge of the Court of Appeals while a candidate for Governor are not in point, and are not analogous to his case.

Mayor Head discharged all the duties of Mayor while a candidate for Governor. Hon. Ben Johnson attended to all of his duties as a Congressman while a candidate for Governor, and Hon. Oile James, while a candidate for United States Senator, attended to all of his duties as a member of Congress, and neither of these three men had cases before them in which the voters were interested, whose support they desired; and it may be also said of Judge Paynter, when a candidate for United States Senator only a short time, he remained in Frankfort and attended regularly to his duties as Judge.

Judge O'Rear seems to have overlooked entirely the seventh plank in the Republican platform, which he wrote himself, according to his own admission, and which provides that the judiciary of the State in both the Circuit and Appellate Courts should be chosen on nonpartisan grounds, and the continuance in office of faithful judicial servants should be determined by no other qualification than fitness.

Judge Parker, of New York, when nominated as the Democratic candi-

did not mention the farmer or laboring men, but the fourteenth plank of the Democratic platform is as follows: "We favor organization and co-operation among the farmers and the laborers of the State, and the enactment of such constitutional laws as will protect them from the greed and oppression of the trusts and monopolies of the country, which are the direct fruit of Republican legislation."

Kentucky had no Department of Agriculture until I had the honor to be Governor of the State. I recommended to the General Assembly the passage of a bill establishing a Department of Agriculture and authorizing the appointment of a Commissioner of Agriculture. This Department of Agriculture has rendered valuable service to the State, and its scope has been extended so as to include forestry and immigration. There was no Department of Agriculture when I entered Congress, and I introduced a bill to establish a Department of Agriculture, and the Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture reported a bill substantially the same as mine, and it was passed, and we now have a Secretary of Agriculture in the Cabinet of the President.

In 1906 a Democratic administration put the State Fair on a permanent basis, and provided for an annual State and County Farmers' Institute, and in this way the farmer's facilities for obtaining information have greatly increased, and the State Fair gives him an opportunity to see the best that is produced upon the farm, and laudable competition is encouraged among farmers.

There should be no politics in farmers' institutes, but it has been charged, and so far as I have been informed, not denied, that Republicans have prostituted the farmers' institutes into political machines.

From the farms as well as from the cities and towns come the soldiers who fight our battles in time of war, and from the farms as well as from the cities and towns come leaders in science, literature and art, Presidents of colleges and universities, and chief officers of banks and railroads and industrial institutions. From the farm also, as well as from the cities and towns, come Senators, Governors, Representatives in Congress, Judges and other officers, and two of the greatest Presidents furnished by the Democratic party, Jefferson and Jackson, were reared on farms, and two of the greatest Presidents furnished by the Republicans, Lincoln and McKinley, were reared on farms. Notwithstanding the conspicuous service rendered by farmers, they have been the main victims of Republican legislation. They have felt the terrible weight of the trusts, and the heavy burden of the tariff, both of which reach nearly everything the farmer buys or uses.

While I was in Congress I did all in my power to reduce the burdens of taxation and free the farmers from the clutches of trusts and monopolies, and I advocated taking the tax off tobacco every time I could get an opportunity.

Conclusion. I have spoken longer than I intended. It will be a great honor for me to be elected Governor of Kentucky again.

I will be sincerely grateful to all who vote for me, and I will do all in my power to be worthy of their confidence and support.

Hopeful Democrats are watching Kentucky all over our great country, and victory for Democrats in Kentucky will probably mean victory for Democrats in the next Presidential election.

If every Democrat will do his duty at the November election we will carry our State for progress, for good government and for the Democratic ticket by 20,000 majority.

Craycraft.

The health of this community remains about the same.

Miss Pearl Hindman the county school Superintendent, visited the Concord school last Wednesday.

Mrs. Bernard and sons, Wallace, Bruce and Edwin, who have been visiting relatives in Adair and Russell counties, returned to their home in Louisville last Saturday.

Mr. W. H. Blair and family J. D. Hays and wife, all visited relatives in Taylor county, last week.

The singing at Shiloh church, on last Sunday night conducted by Prof. R. O. Cabell was excellent.

Miss Flossie Calhoun was visiting at Mr. Solomon McKinley's on last Tuesday night.

The quilting at Mr. J. O. Polley's on last Monday was well attended. Quite a nice lot of quilting was done and the evening pleasantly spent.

Mr. Samuel Murrell and wife, who have been visiting their children in the state of Illinois, have returned home.

Mr. Albert Blair had an all day working one day last week, and an excellent dinner was served.

under the highest tariff schedule ever known in the world.

Republicans promised in the last National contest for President to reduce the tariff downward in the interest of the consumers. They revised it upward in the interest of monopolies and manufacturers, but in doing this they made plainer and clearer to the people than ever before that the true Democratic doctrine as to the tariff is that the Government has no right in equity or in law to collect a dollar of taxation except for its own support, and that Republican doctrine is that taxes may be levied for the benefit and protection of favored individuals and preferred classes, which is legalized robbery.

Look for a moment at a few of the inequalities of the existing tariff rates. On clothing worn by the laboring man it levies a duty of 85 per cent. On champagne the duty is 65 per cent. On woolen or worsted goods worn by multitudes of women it is 135 per cent, and on the fine silk costume of the rich the tax is 50 per cent. On the plain, coarse blanket of the poor the tariff is 105 per cent, while on the finest and costliest blanket it is 71 per cent. On carpets used by the owners of fine mansions the tariff is 50 per cent, while on the cheap carpets used in the modest homes of the working man it is 127 per cent.

The existing tariff law contains 2,024 articles, and the report of the Department of Commerce shows that the total production in the United States of goods protected by the tariff was \$229,000,000 in 1908, and there was imported into the United States last year goods valued at \$779,000,000, on which a tariff tax of \$229,000,000 was collected by the United States Government, but the unparalleled outrage is that the producers in the United States of the thirteen billion dollars' worth of goods were enabled because of the protective tariff to increase the price of their goods so that they made ninety-two millions of consumers pay them a tribute of about four billions of dollars.

President Taft said in his speech at Cincinnati when a candidate for President, on September 22, 1908: "If I am elected President I promise the nation I will use every fiber of my being to carry out honestly and decently the tariff revision promises of the Republican platform." Two days later he said at Milwaukee: "It is my judgment that the revision of the tariff in accordance with the pledge of the Republican platform will be, on the whole, a substantial revision downward." After the Payne-Aldrich bill was passed which increased taxes he signed it, and called it "the best Republican tariff bill ever enacted."

According to Democratic faith in making all tariff schedules, the tariff tax should be lowest on the necessities of life, and highest on luxuries. The enormous tax provided for in the schedules of the Payne-Aldrich bill increased the price on every article on which it is levied, and helped to make the cost of living 60 per cent higher than it was ten years ago. A good law is that law which benefits the greatest number of people, and the Payne-Aldrich law will not stand this test.

There are four things every man wishes to obtain as cheaply as possible:

A home for himself, wife and children.

Clothing to protect them from the cold.

Edibles to support life.

Farming implements and mechanical tools with which to labor.

Republicans in the existing tariff law put a tax on lumber, with which the home is built, and a heavy tax on woolen and cotton goods with which clothes are made, and a tax on edibles, and a tax on farming implements and mechanical tools. Democrats have done all they could to make these articles free or as nearly free as possible, but President Taft, as I have already stated, vetoed the bills and was sustained by the Republicans in Congress, as it required two-thirds of the members to pass the bill over his veto. The people have a great remedy—change of administration—elect a Democratic President of the United States and turn Republicans out of office.

The conditions are favorable in various respects for change of administration, and especially because the Republican party is divided into two factions, the Insurgents and the Standpaters. A distinguished Democratic Congressman said not long ago: "The difference between them is as to the amount of the loot." Insurgents say, "Rob by the protective tariff, but rob a little." The Standpaters say, "Take it all," but Democracy appeals to the command which comes from Sinai and says, "Thou shalt not steal."

Farmers and Laboring Men.

I know I am addressing today an audience composed largely of farmers and laboring men, and I confess I have strong feelings and sentiments for everything that concerns them. I was reared on a farm, and although I practiced law many years I have also owned farms many years, and have a farm now. All classes and all kinds of business depend upon the prosperity and success of farmers and laboring men. When farm crops fail or diminish, business of all kinds languishes. I am in favor of co-operation and organization, both among farmers and laboring men.

A majority of our population live on farms and more than half our State taxes are paid by the farmers and the majority of our farmers are Democrats. The Democratic party has from the foundation of our government championed the farmer's cause, while the Republican party has crippled his interests and the interests of laboring men by compelling them to pay tribute to trusts, monopolies and combines, and carry the burden of oppressive taxation.

There should be no stay-at-home vote among the farmers and laboring men at the next State election. Democratic administrations have enacted every law on our statute books to improve agricultural conditions, while no Republican administration has to its credit a single act to uplift agriculture in this State, and when the late Republican convention was held at Louisville the platform adopted

cause being that tariff revision should wait until reports are made on the different tariff schedules by a tariff board composed of men who have no more capacity and no better information on the tariff than the members of the Ways and Means Committee which reported the bills to which I have referred.

President Taft is the first President in all the history of our Republic who vetoed bills to cheapen the clothing of the poor people, cheapen bread and meat for the hungry, cheapen machinery and tools for the farmer and laboring men, and yet my distinguished opponent, Judge O'Rear, voted for Taft and endorsed his platform in 1908, and at the late Republican convention of Kentucky, held July 11, he wrote and voted for a resolution in the Republican platform which endorsed William H. Taft for renomination for President in 1912. The King of England has not in centuries exercised such a right as Taft has exercised, and, in my opinion, if the King of England were to veto such bills as Taft vetoed it would cost his crown, and indignantly determined people all over our country will see to it that Taft will lose his crown or office at the November election in 1912, and all those who support and uphold him in the matters to which I referred should lose their chance for office, also.

Asks Judge O'Rear Questions.

Judge O'Rear wrote the resolutions adopted at the Republican state convention, which endorsed the administration of President Taft and which recommended President Taft for renomination as the Republican candidate for president. In this connection I wish to ask the Republican candidate for governor, Judge O'Rear, questions which are very interesting to all the people of Kentucky and which involve cheaper clothing, cheaper goods, cheaper farming machinery and implements, cheaper mechanics' tools and also justice under the law.

Do you endorse President Taft's veto of the bill known as the farmer's free list bill?

Do you endorse President Taft's veto of the bill reducing the existing tariff taxes on wool and woolen goods?

Do you endorse President Taft's veto of the bill reducing the existing taxes on cotton goods?

Do you endorse the votes against the farmers' free list bill which were cast by Senator Bradley and Representative Powers and your campaign chairman, Representative Langley?

Do you endorse the Ryan-Aldrich tariff bill which President Taft signed and which he said was the best Republican tariff law ever passed?

Do you endorse the pardon by Governor William of Taylor, Finley, Howard and Powers?

You have been silent on these great questions, some of which involve the reduction of the price of clothing, food, farming machinery and mechanics' tools to the amount of hundreds of millions of dollars. These questions are of grave and vital importance to the people of Kentucky, and the people of Kentucky want to know where you stand. Come out candidly and say where you are.

Judge O'Rear Inconsistent.

Judge O'Rear appears to be inconsistent. He claims to be a progressive, yet he is for Taft for re-election as President, and Taft is a standpater, and O'Rear commended in his platform Senator Bradley and Representatives Langley and Powers, who are standpaters, and he has Langley as his campaign manager, and Bradley and Langley and Powers voted against the farmers' and laborers' free list bill, and the bills reducing tariff duties on wool and woolen goods and on cotton.

Democratic Tariff Vs. Republican Tariff.

President Taft started the tariff campaign a few days ago at Hamilton, Mass., when on the 26th of August he made a speech and severely criticized Speaker Clark and Representatives Underwood and Senator LaFollette and other Senators and Representatives for passing the bills he vetoed, and he accused them of ignorance and the effect of the legislation, and he reached his climax when he said: "Men of Massachusetts, it seems to me that the slogan of the Republican party should involve a National cry and not be confined to mere State issues. Democrats everywhere are ready to accept this challenge, and we believe our cause of justice, right and fair taxation, will be victorious."

Both of the great political parties in Congress now face the realization that the defeat by the President of so much needed, just and important tariff legislation at the special session of Congress makes certain a tariff battle at the regular session beginning on the first Monday in December, next, which will exceed in fierceness any tariff battle which ever occurred, and that the tariff will go into the Presidential election next year with force and fierceness never equaled before. In all the Presidential contests where the tariff has been the great issue, Democrats have always been victorious, and I hope and believe history will repeat itself in 1912. The arguments are convincing and unanswerable, in support of the Democratic position for tariff reduction so as to get tariff for revenue only as soon as possible.

The Robert Walker tariff bill, enacted in 1846, is said to have been the best tariff bill ever passed by the Congress of the United States, and its average rate was less than half the average rate of the existing tariff law. It remained on the statute books unchanged until 1857, a period of eleven years. James G. Blaine, in his book, "Twenty Years of Congress," stated that the eleven years of the Walker tariff were the most prosperous in the life of the Republic, and that the people were so satisfied with it that in 1856, after it had been in operation ten years, neither of the great political parties which presented Presidential candidates referred to the tariff in its platform.

The Morrill tariff bill was passed in 1865, after the Civil War commenced, and the Republican party has since that time in every National platform promised a revision of the tariff. The revisions have always been upward instead of downward, until we now live

years, and was supported both by Democrats and Republicans at the late session of Congress and passed.

The great and conspicuous difference between Democrats and Republicans as regards the pledges or declarations made in their platforms is that Democrats are faithful to their pledges and carry them out, while Republicans have been conspicuous for their broken pledges and disregard of platform promises, both State and National.

Republicans Will Be Powerless If They Had the Governor, as Both Branches of the General Assembly Are Certain To Be Democratic.

It may be said in this connection that Democrats are certain to have control of both the State Senate and House of Representatives when the next General Assembly convenes, and will be in a condition to perform and carry out their pledges, while the Republicans have no prospect whatever of controlling either branch of the next General Assembly, and if they had, the Governor they would be powerless to enact or amend a law; one-half of the State Senators hold over, and they are all Democrats, and the majority of Democrats in the House of Representatives last session is too large to be overcome.

The Republican Party.

Kentucky Republicans are now saying very complacently we should in this campaign confine ourselves to State questions. Of course, they desire this, for they do not want the bad record of the Republican party, both in the State and Nation, brought to the attention of the people.

As Kentucky is a part of the United States, important questions which affect the Republic will also affect each State. Legislation for the masses and not for the masses, laws enacted by a Republican Congress or vetoed by a Republican President, which involves economy in public expenses, cheaper clothing, cheaper food, cheaper farming implements or machinery, reduction of the burdens of taxation, are of grave interest and importance to the people of Kentucky, and it is proper and right that the record of the two great political parties should be presented exactly as they have made them.

Democrats know that Kentucky Republicans voted for President Taft and endorsed his administration, and also the last National Republican platform, and that Kentucky Republicans voted his administration in the last Republican State platform. Kentucky Republicans have endorsed and upheld the highest protective tariff law in the world, a tariff law which has been an incubus with its burdensome taxation upon the farmer, the laboring man, the business man and all the people of Kentucky.

Kentucky Republicans have endorsed legislation which has made more millionaires in the United States than in all the nations of Europe put together, but the millionaires have been confined to the special classes benefited by the tariff, and not to the people of Kentucky.

They have acted with the political party which has legislated for the classes, and not for the masses, and which has by its legislation brought into our country trusts, combines and monopolies, which have been like a Pandora box of evils to injure the prosperity of the people, consume their hard earnings and increase the expenses of living.

Democratic National Achievements.

Democrats made great achievements at the last November election. Then Northern and Western States, which had been strong Republican States, elected Democratic Governors and increased their Democratic representation in the United States Senate and United States House of Representatives.

The result of the last November election marks a new era in our country, and should strengthen the faith of all citizens in the virtue, intelligence and patriotism of the people, and in the success of free institutions under popular government.

It was a great protest of the people against the conduct of Republicans, and it was a vote of censure upon the President and Republican Congress, and a prelude, I hope and believe, to the overthrow of the Republican oligarchy which has become intoxicated with power, tyrannical in legislation and despotic in the management of Government affairs.

Democrats in the called session of Congress which has just adjourned did their duty nobly and faithfully. They have been true to the pledges made in our National platform, and they made a record which not only surprised their friends and discouraged their enemies, but gave hope and encouragement to Democrats everywhere.

They passed the Canadian reciprocity measure, which President Taft could not get the Republican Congress to pass.

They passed resolutions providing for an amendment to the Constitution to authorize the election of United States Senators by the direct vote of the people, but a Republican amendment prevented the final adoption of the resolutions.

They passed a bill providing for the publication of campaign contributions before the election.

They passed the farmers' and laborers' free list bill.

They passed bills materially reducing the tariff duties on wool and woolen goods of all classes, and they passed the cotton bill, and admitted Arizona and New Mexico to Statehood.

President Vetoes Most Important Bills.

The Republican President, William H. Taft, vetoed the three most important bills passed by Democrats in the House of Representatives, and passed by Democrats and Insurgent Republicans in the Senate, and these bills gave the greatest relief to the people. He vetoed the bill reducing existing taxes on wool and on woolen goods, which saved the people of the United States two hundred millions of dollars per annum, and he vetoed the bill reducing existing tariff taxes on cotton goods, which saved fifty millions per annum to the people; and he vetoed the farmers' and laborers' free list bill, which saved one hundred millions of dollars to the farmers and laborers, his remarkable and unsatisfactory ex-

planation and should not be made a partisan issue between political parties, and favors the extension of the present local option law as applied to the sale of liquors, which has been upheld by our highest court as valid and constitutional, so that the citizens of each and every county in the State may determine for themselves whether spirituous, vinous or malt liquors may be sold therein.

I voted for and I endorsed every section of this platform, and it is proper I should say in this connection that I voted for the first local option law passed by the Kentucky Legislature in 1874, I then being a Representative from Madison County.

At a local option election held in Richmond I was absent attending to my duties as Senator at Washington, except the local option election held March 3 last, and on that day I was compelled to be in Louisville to attend a meeting of the State Democratic Executive Committee called for that day by the chairman, the main business of which was to call off the primary election which I had advocated, and in which I was deeply interested.

At the recent Democratic State convention I advocated at the Democratic candidates' meeting a declaration to be placed in the platform in favor of extension of the present local option law, and it was agreed to by the Democratic candidates, and was put in the Democratic platform.

On this platform of principles Democrats appeal to all Kentuckians, irrespective of previous political affiliations, to support our State ticket and all other Democratic candidates.

Judge O'Rear in his speech at Mayfield on the 31st day of August asked me to answer the following questions:

Are you now in favor of the extension of the county unit law in Kentucky, etc., and when did you come to that conclusion?

I have already said in my speech today that I endorse every section of the Democratic platform at the State convention at Louisville on the 15th of August, 1911, but I will say now specifically—I am in favor of the extension of the present local option law as applied to the sale of liquors, so that the citizens of each and every county in the State may determine for themselves whether spirituous, vinous or malt liquors may be sold therein. These are the exact words of the State Democratic platform.

I came to this conclusion some time ago when the question of the extension of the county unit law became prominent, and I regard it as the best plan to settle an important question.

If Judge O'Rear had read on the day of the State Democratic convention the published account of the views of the State Democratic candidates for office, he would have known that I and all the other candidates for State offices were in favor of extending the county unit law.

Judge O'Rear says he proposes, if elected Governor, to remove the influence of the liquor lobby in the Kentucky Legislature, and its allied lobbies, and asks me what I propose to do about it? My answer is as stated in the Democratic platform, and is as follows:

"I favor such laws as will under appropriate penalties destroy all corrupt lobbying seeking to influence any legislative body in the commonwealth on the subject of legislation, or the election of officers by it, or in any other matters" and I will do all in my power, if I am Governor, to carry out fully the statements in this section of the Democratic platform, and if the county unit is not enacted at the first session of the Legislature if I am Governor, I will determine then whether the Legislature shall be called into extra session to consider it.

Judge O'Rear asserts in very strong language what he will do with the Legislature if the members do not obey his dictation, and it is proper in this connection to say that each branch of the Legislature is certain to be Democratic, and will be more in sympathy with a Democratic Governor than with a Republican Governor.

Before I finish my speech I will ask Judge O'Rear to answer some important questions, but they will be more appropriate when I discuss another question.

Republicans Have Seized Some of the Most Important Principles of Both State and National Democratic Platforms.

Republicans after years of opposition to Democratic policies and principles have in the last few years seized some of the most important principles and policies advocated by Democrats in Kentucky, and some of the most important principles in National Democratic platforms.

Many of the declarations in the Republican State platform are in favor of principles which Democrats have advocated for years, notable among them being improvement of our educational system, revision of our tax system, better roads, divorcement of penal and charitable institutions from politics, thorough inspection of State banks, arbitration of labor disputes, prohibition of peonage and slave traffic; and it may be said in this connection that the first local option law was passed by a Democratic Legislature in 1874 and approved by a Democratic Governor.

Republicans have also eagerly seized planks in Democratic National platforms. This was notably the case when Republicans declared for Government regulation of railroad rates, for this was written in three National Democratic platforms, beginning with the platform of 1896.

The election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people has been advocated by Democrats for a quarter of a century.

Reciprocity in trade was advocated by the founder of the Democratic party, Thomas Jefferson, nearly a century ago, and was endorsed by several Democratic National conventions, and was advocated by the present Republican President, who called a special session of Congress in order to secure the passage of the Canadian reciprocity measure.

Publication of campaign contributions before the election has been advocated by Democrats for a number of

years for President, resigned as a Judge of the Supreme Court of New York the day that he accepted the Democratic nomination for President, and his salary was \$18,000 per annum.

Governor Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey, resigned as President of Princeton University the day that he accepted the nomination for Governor of New Jersey, although he was receiving \$10,000 per annum as President of the university, and his salary as Governor was little more than half as much as he received as President of Princeton University.

Robert Riddell, of Kentucky, resigned the office of Circuit Judge when he accepted the nomination as a Democratic candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals.

Judge O'Rear, in his Elizabethtown speech, made a lengthy defense of Senator Bradley's alleged untainted title to his seat as United States Senator, and said: "Senator McCreary, Henry Watterson, Ollie James, Colonel John Allen and Colonel Frank Fehr and a number of other noted Democrats in Kentucky were favored by those insurgents or others, who ever you want to call them, and Senator McCreary never once asked them to change their votes from him, indicating that he was willing to receive the votes of these four Democrats, who afterward voted for Bradley. Judge O'Rear could have avoided misrepresentation of me if he had asked me to tell him the facts."

I was not in Kentucky during the long-drawn-out contest between Beckham and Bradley for United States Senator, but I was in Washington attending to my duties as a United States Senator, and I now have in my possession a letter from Hon. Gus Richardson, Representative from Meade County, in which he says: "I wrote you after a number of ballots had been taken, and it was evident to me that Beckham could not be elected, and asked permission to nominate you if any break should come. In your reply you said positively that you would not permit the use of your name, and that you did not want any Representative or Senator to vote for you under any circumstances as long as Governor Beckham was a candidate."

I also have a letter in my possession from Hon. George T. Harris, in which he says: "You requested me to ask the Democrats in person and privately to not vote for you, as under no circumstances could you accept the office, if elected, while Governor Beckham was a candidate. I did comply with your request, and did so to Mr. McKnight and stated your request to him, and as the other men that would not vote for Beckham you and I had no influence with, I asked McKnight to see them, and neither of them voted for you after that day."

In the allusions I have made to my distinguished opponent, I only desire to state facts and correct misrepresentations. "His long public career is familiar to all Kentuckians, and I would say nothing to disparage whatever merit he has displayed, or to detract from his standing as a party man."

The Democratic Platform.

The Democratic platform adopted at the State convention held at Louisville, Ky., August 13, reaffirms time-tried and time-honored Democratic doctrines, and it announces up-to-date Democratic principles which are worthy of the support of all Kentuckians.

I endorse the platform which was adopted by the convention. It represents the principles of the Democratic State ticket and presents the policies that will be upheld.

Speaking with candor and deliberation, I can say that in my opinion no better or more appropriate or progressive declaration of principles was ever made in Kentucky by an earnest, intelligent, patriotic body of men, representing the Democrats of every part of the State.

I shall not at this time discuss at length each section of the platform. I hope it will be read and carefully considered by each voter. It is sufficient for me to refer briefly to the subject matter of most of the sections.

The Democratic platform, after pledging anew our faith in and devotion to the time-honored and eternal principles of our party, and reaffirming our faith in successive platforms of the party, and especially reaffirming our faith in and devotion to the National Democratic platform adopted at Denver, Colo., in the year 1908, declares in favor of a direct primary election, the passage of a corrupt practice act, a more efficient system of public schools, woman's suffrage in school elections, abolition of the lobby, the creation of a State utilities commission, uniform accounting system.

Selection of the Prison Board by the Governor instead of by the General Assembly, subject to confirmation by the Senate.

Reform of our tax system by submitting to a vote of the people whether or not they desire to adopt an amendment to our State Constitution broadening the powers of the General Assembly so that it may classify property for the purpose of taxation.

Creation of a Department of Banking, providing for competent inspection.

Wise and conservative laws as will encourage road and bridge building.

Organization and co-operation among the farmers and laborers of the State, and the enactment of such constitutional laws as will protect them from the greed of the trusts and monopolies of the country, which are the direct fruit of Republican legislation.

Favors laws for the protection from accident and injury of all laborers engaged in hazardous employments, and a wise, conservative law regulating the arbitration of labor strikes and disputes.

Opposition to all mobs and lynchings, and severe penalties on all officers who fail to protect prisoners entrusted to their keeping.

Law prohibiting peonage and female slave traffic, regardless of color.

Election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people.

Enforcement of the laws and rule of the people.

Religious and civil liberty and unalterable opposition to raising any religious test as a qualification for holding office.

Declares temperance is essentially a moral, non-political and social ques-

THE ADAIR COUNTY NEWS

Published Every Wednesday

BY THE

Adair County News Company.

(INCORPORATED.)

CHAS. S. HARRIS EDITOR.

Democratic newspaper devoted to the interest of the City of Columbia and the people Adair and adjacent counties.

Entered at the Columbia Post-office as second class mail matter.

WED. SEPT. 13. 1911.

Democratic Ticket.

For United States Senator
OLLIE M. JAMESFor Governor
JAMES R. MCCREARYFor Lieutenant Governor
EDWARD J. McDERMOTTFor Attorney General
JAMES GARNETTFor Auditor
HENRY N. BOSWORTHFor State Treasurer
THOMAS G. RHEAFor Secretary of State
C. F. CRECELIUSFor Supt. of Public Instruction.
BARKSDALE HAMLETTFor Commissioner of Agriculture
J. W. NEWMANFor Clerk of Court of Appeals
ROBERT L. GREENEFor Railroad Commissioner
W. F. KLAIR

GOV. MCCREARY ANSWERS JUDGE O'REAR.

Judge O'Rear has but one string to his harp—"county unit"—and he thrums on in all day and far into the night. Although every law for the promotion of temperance in this State has been put on the Statute books by the Democrats; he claims to be the original discoverer of the "county unit" idea, and that he alone must be trusted with its enforcement.

When the Democrats put the plank in their platform, Judge O'Rear was quick to proclaim it a fraudulent, lying device to catch votes. He even went further and charged that Governor McCreary did not favor the "county unit"; that he did not want it in the platform, and that he would not dare to stand on it.

But Governor McCreary, biding his time, very properly, until his opening address, reputed all his assertions. He stood on every plank of the Democratic platform. In reference to the "county unit" question, and giving an explicit answer to Judge O'Rear's sneering question, he made the following frank, sincere answer:

"Judge O'Rear, in his speech at Mayfield, on the 31st day of August, asked me to answer the following questions:

"Are you in favor of the extension of the county unit law in Kentucky, etc., and when did you come to that conclusion?"

"I have already said in my speech to-day that I indorse every section of the Democratic platform adopted at the State convention at Louisville, on the 15th day of August, 1911, but I will say now specifically, I am in favor of the extension of the present local option law as applied to the sale of liquors, so that the citizens of each and every county in the State may determine for themselves whether spirituous, vinous, or malt liquors may be sold therein: These are the exact words of the State Democratic platform.

"I came to this conclusion some time ago when the extension of the county unit law became prominent, and I regard it as the best plan to settle an important question.

"If Judge O'Rear had read on the day of the State Democratic convention the published account of the views of the State Democratic candidates for office, he would have known that I and all the other candidates for State offices were in favor of extending the county unit law.

Governor McCreary's bold acceptance of O'Rear's challenge will shock that distinguished Jurist. He had hoped to put his Democratic opponent in a position where he would repudiate the solemn declaration of his party platform; but he evidently does not know the leader from Madison. When his party takes a stand he never falters, and when, as in this case, it is in line with his convictions, he enters the contest with renewed courage.

Judge O'Rear will have to put another string on his harp.

Judge O'Rear is somewhat like Nickademos, the ruler of the Jews. In answer to questions put to him by Senator McCreary he says: "I have not read the tariff bills, and I am not familiar with President Taft's vetoes." It occurs to us that the Republican candidate for Governor is away behind with his reading.

Henry Clay Beattie, who murdered his young wife near Chesterfield Court House, Va., was tried last week, the jury placing him in the electric chair. It was a righteous verdict. The trial Judge fixed November 24th for his electrocution, but the case will be appealed.

Hon. A. J. Oliver, Republican candidate for Secretary of State, addressed a small audience at the court-house last Friday. He paid tribute to Judge O'Rear, endorsed the actions of Republican party, past and present, and urged his hearers to support the ticket.

No man who comes to Columbia next Monday to hear Hon. E. J. McDermott, candidate for Lieutenant Governor, will be disappointed. He is a great speaker.

Absher.

Mr. Marcus Ellis, Cane Valley, was here last week.

Mr. Sylvia Humphress is some better at this writing.

Miss Annie Robertson and nephew, Claud Smith, were in Cane Valley one day last week.

Mr. John Weatherford and sister spent last Sunday at Mr. A. Brockman's.

Mr. and Mrs. N. R. Thomas were at H. B. Robertson's last Sunday.

Mr. John Rule was at Neatsburg one day last week.

Miss Judelle Robertson and George Rice visited at Delaney Robertson's Sunday.

Miss Zella East was visiting her aunt, Mrs. Rose East last week.

Miss Audra Dillingham spent Thursday night with Miss Nannie Russell.

Miss Effie Sanders spent last week at her father's.

Mr. W. H. Absher was in Campbellsville one day last week.

BEFORE Doing Your Fall Painting

Be Sure to Investigate

H. & W. Prepared Paint

The Brand That Raised The Standard

Guaranteed 100 per cent pure
Reed Hardware Co.

The Institute.

It is the universal expression of the teachers that the Institute just held was the best one that has convened in Adair county within the last decade. Its success was due, for the most part to the practical, aggressive, up-to-date supervision of the instructor, Prof. W. J. Craig, of Bowling Green. Much credit is due the teachers for their hearty co-operation in the work of the Institute and the promptness with which they responded to all assignments to topics of discussion.

Everybody was very favorably impressed by the personality and inspiring talks of Prof. V. O. Gilbert and the lectures given at night by Profs. Craig, Rhodes and Mrs. Weaver, were classed as the most excellent orations ever delivered before an educational assembly in this county. A superintendent of less ability than our worthy Miss Hindman could not have put work together in so splendid a manner. It was upon the whole a great Institute and it is sincerely hoped that we may have the pleasure of attending another one, next year equally as good.

A teacher.

Additional Locals

Mr. J. E. Sampson, son of Judge J. R. Sampson, Middlesboro, will be married to Miss Gertrude Caton, of Philadelphia, on the 27th inst. The ceremony will take place at Ashland, N. C. Mr. Sampson is a nephew of Mr. M. Cravens, this city.

Lost.

A suit case containing ladies clothes. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at this office. It was lost on Burkesville pike.

The trial of H. A. Bagby, who killed the Town Marshal of Greensburg, Vernon Coffey, was concluded at Campbellsville, last Saturday. The jury gave him 21 years, the same verdict as the one given at his first trial.

Not A Word Of Scandal

marred the call of a neighbor on Mrs. W. P. Spangh, of Manville, Wyo., who said: "she told me Dr. King's New Life Pills had cured her of obstinate kidney trouble and made her feel like a new woman." Easy, but sure remedy for stomach, liver and kidney troubles. Only 25c. at Paul Drug Co.

On the fourth Sunday in this month there will be a roll call at the Christian Church. All members are urged to be present.

Hiram Stotts sold three head of cattle to J. W. Simpson, at 34 cents. He bought a milk cow from John McClis, for \$30.

Mr. J. A. Dulworth, of Camp Knox, has lost several hogs from cholera. He had the State Veterinary surgeon on his place last week.

D. H. Howerton will preach at the Christian church in Cane Valley, Sunday afternoon, at three o'clock.

The concrete walk in front of the city cemetery grounds will be completed this week.

Per cent. goes on town taxes the first of October.

Geo. Coffey, Collector.

I have 150 bushels of winter oats for sale at 50 cents.

W. P. Summers.

White Cook wanted at Lindsey-Wilson School.

Durocks for Sale.

I have two pure bred gilts, fine individuals. Safely with pig by pure bred Duroc boar. Will sell at a bargain.

A. K. Rupe, Breeding, Ky.

Eld. Caleb Sewell, who many years ago, was a teacher in Columbia Christian College, this place, died in Clay county, Tenn., last Friday. He was quite an old man, and was the Father of Mrs. P. C. Weaver, of Louisville. The latter left here Friday morning, with the hope of reaching her father's bedside before death.

Squirrels have not been so plentiful for many years. The woods in Adair county are full. It is a common thing for a hunter to kill all he wants before breakfast. It is said they are swimming Cumberland river in droves, coming in this direction.

At the Parsonage

Mr. W. M. Grant and Miss Eliza Rigney, of Neatsburg, were married by Rev. B. M. Currie at the parsonage last Saturday afternoon. The couple left soon after the ceremony, for their home on Green river.

Emerline Duncan, the old colored woman, who has been a faithful servant in the home of Mr. Jo Coffey for about twenty-five years, left last week for Indianapolis, where she has children, and where she expects to make her home.

Mr. John C. Calhoun, of near Campbellsville, was here last Thursday. He states that the corn crop of Taylor county is good, the wheat crop was fine, and that several business houses are being erected in Campbellsville.

The 4th Quarterly Conference for the Columbia and Tabor charge will be held at Tabor, Sept., 23, 24. Rev. T. L. Hulse, P. E. will preach at 11 o'clock both days.

S. N. HANCOCK

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Our Prices are Right

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COLUMBIA COLUMN CO.

COLUMBIA, KY.

KENTUCKY FAIR DATES.

The following are the dates fixed holding the Kentucky Fairs for 1911 as far as reported. Officers of fairs are requested to report to us any omissions or correction of dates:

Scottsville, September 14—3 days.
Horse Cave, September 20—4 days.
Morganstown, September 21—3 days.
Glasgow, September 27—4 days.
Mayfield, September 27—4 days.
Falmouth, September 27—4 days.
Paducah, October 3—1 days.
Bowling Green, October 4—4 days.
Murray, October 11—4 days.

G. P. SMYTHE

for

FIRE INSURANCE

and

REAL ESTATE

T. A. SMITH

DENTIST.

COLUMBIA, KY.

OFFICE IN RUSSELL BUILDING

Fancy Buggies and Harness

And Young People
Want To Go in Style

and in order to so do, they are getting prices from

The Buchanan Lyon Co.

On their Fancy Buggies and their Finest Harness. - The largest stock to select from in Central Kentucky, and the Greatest Variety. The prices being Correct. Remember the place,

BUCHANAN LYON CO. Campbellsville, Ky.
INCORPORATED

PERSONAL

Mr. Silas Denny is on the sick list.
Dr. J. J. Booker was here last Thursday.

Mr. W. A. Helm is in Louisville this week.

Mr. W. I. Ingram was at Knifley last Monday.

Mr. H. T. Baker is attending the State Fair.

Mrs. Geo. W. Staples left for a week or ten days.

Mr. W. R. Hoskins, Campbellsville, was here Sunday.

Mrs. R. F. Paull has been quite sick for the past week.

Mr. W. D. Frazier is on a business trip to Algood, Tenn.

Mr. Wm. Hobson, Campbellsville, was here last Friday.

Miss Zella Pelley left Monday for Georgetown College.

Mr. Frank Sinclair left for the Cincinnati market Monday.

Mr. Luther Potts, Creelsboro, was here the first of the week.

Mr. Rollin Hurt is attending circuit court at Campbellsville.

Mr. J. A. Wilmore left for the State College, Lexington, Friday.

Mrs. T. R. Stults and son, Count, are attending the State Fair.

Mr. O. W. McAllister, of Mentz, Mo., was in Columbia last Monday.

Mr. Guy Feese's condition remains about the same. He is very feeble.

Mr. Frank Cox, of Kansas City, Mo., is visiting his Uncle, Mr. A. B. Cox.

Mrs. L. A. Routzong, of Miami is visiting friends in Spokane, Washington.

Rev. B. M. Currie returned from Brownsville, Tenn., last Friday evening.

Mr. Jas. Holladay and his sister, Miss Lois, will enter Georgetown College today.

Mr. W. H. Wilson and wife are in Louisville this week and will attend the big fair.

Mr. L. C. Winfrey, of the Columbia bar, was in the Taylor circuit court last week.

Miss Ina Dohoney, of Bradfordsville, was visiting Miss Maye Montgomery last week.

Mrs. J. P. Scruggs, of Midway, is visiting her brother, Mr. James Garnett and family.

Mr. Horace Hamilton visited his parents in Metcalfe county last Saturday and Sunday.

Judge W. W. Jones was in the Taylor county circuit court last week, on legal business.

Messrs. Ray Conover, G. W. Dillon, and son, Richard, are taking in the State fair this week.

Mr. Walter S. Taylor, of Montpelier, left for the Transylvania University, Lexington last Friday.

Mrs. Geo. W. Thomas returned to Columbia and attended the funeral of Mrs. Georgia R. Shelton.

Mrs. Ermine Wilson and son and Mr. Arthur Stanton, Russell Springs, are attending the State Fair.

Mr. Read Caldwell and sister, Miss Annie, of Burdick, attended the funeral of Mrs. Georgia Shelton.

Mr. Robt. Ingram, cashier of Bank Russell Spring's was in town to-day, en route to Louisville.

Mr. J. W. Voils, Russell Springs, who is engaged in the milling business, was in Columbia last Wednesday.

L. T. Logsdon, representing the Pickett Tobacco Warehouse, one of the best in Louisville, was here Friday.

Mr. C. C. Traylor and wife, of Beck's Store, were in Columbia last Thursday and called at the News office.

Mr. J. B. Coffey, who was selected as Judge of mules, etc., at the State Fair, left for Louisville yesterday.

Dr. C. A. Cox left for his home, Jonesboro, Tenn., this morning. He will be missed by his many friends.

Mr. Walker Bryant attended the meeting of the State Association of county clerks at Frankfort last week.

Mr. J. F. Vigles and Mr. N. B. Faulkenburg, of Jamestown, were here Thursday, the latter en route to Frankfort.

Mr. Tim Cravens accompanied Mr. Jas. Garnett to Greensburg Monday where the latter had an appointment to speak.

Mr. Leon Baldauf, Louisville, reached Columbia Friday afternoon, Mrs. Baldauf having been here for several weeks.

Mr. C. M. Barnett and wife, who visited here several weeks, left for their home in Evansville, Ind., Saturday afternoon.

Messrs. R. T. Baker, G. W. Brockman and Finis Baker, all of Amandaville, were here Monday, en route for the State Fair.

Miss Frances Garnett, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Garnett, left Monday for Danville where she will enter Caldwell College.

Miss Virginia McLean, this city, and her aunt, Mrs. Harriet D. Cundiff, of Cane Valley, are spending a week in Louisville, visiting relatives.

Mr. W. R. Todd, who graduated from Central University, Danville, last year, will teach in the institution this year. He left Saturday morning for his post of duty.

Mr. J. O. Ewing, a prominent attorney of Burkesville, and Prof. C. R. Payne, principal of the school in that place, were in Columbia last Friday and Saturday.

Miss Katie Murrell left Friday morning for Earlinton, Ky., where she will teach during this school year. Her mother, Mrs. Corinne Murrell, accompanied her as far as Campbellsville.

Mr. M. Rey Yarberry reached Columbia last Friday. His mother, Mrs. Ann Yarberry, who has been with her daughter in Frankfort for six or eight months, has also returned to the county and is now visiting at Cane Valley.

Mr. P. H. Bridgewater, of Cane Valley, was in Columbia last Wednesday, the second time during this year. For years he has been a regular visitor, coming in two or three times a month, but he met with an accident six or eight months ago, and has been, until recently confined at home.

Look Here.

I have a good milk cow for sale.

B. L. Conover.
2t

Rev. B. M. Currie will preach at Disappointment schoolhouse next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Let all the friends attend.

Buggies, Wagons,

Harness, Saddles, Fence, Seeds, Fertilizers
Manure Spreaders, Superior and Empire Wheat Drills, Disc and Hoe

Prices Right

Look over your old Drills and if you need Repairs let us know in time to save Express or Postage

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COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

ADAIR CIRCUIT COURT
OF KENTUCKY.
Bank of Columbia, Plff.,
vs.
Wooten & Pulliam & Co. Dft.

By virtue of a Judgment and order of Sale of Adair Circuit Court, rendered at the September Term, thereof, 1908 in the above cause, for the sum of Two thousand and thirty seven and eighty-seven one hundredths dollars and \$24.85 costs herein, I shall proceed to offer for sale at the Court-house door in Columbia, Ky., to the highest bidder, at Public Auction, on Monday the 15th day of September 1911, at 1 o'clock p. m., or thereabout (being Circuit Court) upon a credit of six months, the following described property, to wit: A certain tract of land lying on the waters of Harrodsfork in Adair County, Ky., containing 586 2/3 acres, and being the same land conveyed to these defendants by John R. Royse & wife by deed recorded in Deed Book No 20 page 17 in the Office of the Clerk of the Adair County Court. Reference is also made to the Judgment and order of Sale in this case for complete description and bounkary, which is recorded in Order Book No. 11, page 388 in the Office of the Clerk of the Adair Circuit Court. The undivided one-half of defendant Pulliam or a sufficiency thereof will be sold first, and should it fail to bring enough to satisfy said debt and cost then the interest of Wooten or a sufficiency thereof will be sold to satisfy same. For the purchase price, the purchaser with approved surety or securities, must execute Bond, bearing legal interest from day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a Judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply promptly with these terms. W. A. Coffey, Master Commissioner.

Forced To Leave Home.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers, whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs, are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. There's a better way. Let Dr. King's New Discovery cure you at home. "It cured me of lung trouble," writes W. R. Nelson, of Calamine, Ark., "when all else failed and I gained 47 pounds in weight. Its surely the kings of all cough and lung cures." Thousands owe their lives to it. It's positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds, LaGrippe, Asthma, Croup—all Throat and Lung troubles. 50c & \$1.00. Trial bottle free at Paull Drug Co.

Notice.

N. H. Moss, County Judge in and for Adair County, Kentucky, and Gordon Montgomery, County Attorney in for said County and State, are hereby notified that application will be made to the Board of Prison Commissioners of the State of Kentucky, for the parol of Will Ed Jones, now confined in the State Penitentiary at Frankfort, Ky., for the killing of Tom Dudley. Sept., 1911. Sam Jones.

Farm For Sale.

Containing 154 acres on Columbia and Jamestown road at Montpelier, 10 miles from Columbia. In good repair. For further information write or call on, Bert Epperson, Montpelier, Ky.
2t

We will send the daily Courier-Journal from now until the 30th of December, four months, and the News one year for \$1.80. Now is the time to subscribe, as this offer will not hold good but for a short time.

FALL ATTRACTIONS

Our Greatly Enlarged Rug and Drapery Department

With its wonderful selection of the best that the market affords, offers Special attractive Bargains every day in the week. The Fall Line of

Carpets--Linoleum

Makes shopping at our store pleasant and profitable. Stocks overflowing with splendid values. You are always welcome at Louisville's Big Carpet and Rug Store.

Hubbuck Bros. & Wellendorff,

Incorporated
522 and 524 West Market St.

A Dreadful Sight

to H. J. Barnum, of Freeville, N. Y., was the fever sore that had plagued his life for years in spite of many remedies he tried. At last he used Bucklen's Arnica Salve and wrote: "It has entirely healed with scarcely a scar left." Heals Burns, Boils, Eczema, Cuts, Bruises, Swellings, Corns and Pile like magic. Only 25c. at Paull Drug Co.

The plans and specifications for the new Baptist Church, can be seen at the office of Walker Bryant. The Building Committee invites all prospective contractors to examine said plans and make a sealed bid for the work as specified therein.

Building Committee
of Columbia Baptist Church

For Sale.

I will sell my residence on Burksville street, to the highest bidder, on Monday the first day of circuit court. It's a very desirable home.
41-2t

Kittie Smith.

Notice.

In obedience to an order of the Adair County Court, the voters of White Oak voting district No. 9 in Adair county, Ky., are hereby notified that at the Regular State Election held in said district, the question will be submitted to them, whether or not cattle or other species thereof shall be permitted to run at large in said district.

Given under my hand as Sheriff of Adair county, Ky., this, Sept., the 9th, 1911.
A. D. Patteson, S. A. C.
45-4t

GOOD LIVER REMEDY FREE

When you suffer from any form of indigestion it is always well to take something for the liver, as usually the trouble lies there. If you are bilious, have a bloated feeling after eating, if you belch, if your skin is yellowish you may be sure it is liver trouble.

What you need is something to stir up the liver, to arouse the gastric juices so that they will aid in the digestion of your food. A very good remedy for this, and one highly recommended by those who have used it, is Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which you can obtain at any drugist at fifty cents or one dollar a bottle. But if you have any doubt about its merits, and would prefer to try it first, send your address to Dr. Caldwell and he will promptly send you a free sample bottle.

Thousands of people first learned of this remarkable cure for stomach, liver and bowel troubles through a free sample. Mrs. Frank Lilly of Plainview, Ill., sent for one and it cured her and she is open in saying that she will never take pills or strong cathartics again, as Syrup Pepsin acts so mildly. Mr. W. L. Bryant, the Postmaster at Sardis, Tenn., says he will never be without it again. No sick person can afford to ignore a remedy so highly endorsed as this. It is good for all the family from infancy to old age, because it is mild, free from griping and yet promptly effective. Furthermore, results are absolutely guaranteed or money will be refunded.

For the free sample address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 402 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.



Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, Columns, Porch Material, Stair Work, Interior Finish, Etc.

Largest Wholesale Sash and Door House in the South.

Send your orders to us for prompt shipment and good goods. We appreciate them.

E. L. HUGHES CO., 211-215 E. Main Street
INCORPORATED. LOUISVILLE, KY.

U. G. HARDWICK, Pres. J. H. COCKE, V. Pres. R. H. DIETZMAN, Sec.

W. T. Pyne Mill & Supply Co.
ESTABLISHED 1861 — INCORPORATED 1889

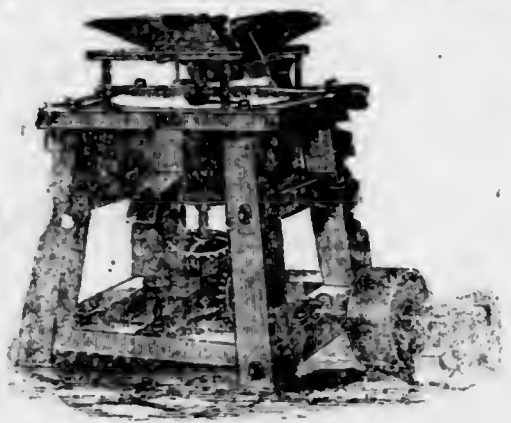
MILLWRIGHTS & MACHINISTS
DEALERS IN
ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW MILLS,
GRIST MILLS, FEED MILLS
1301 THIRTEENTH MAIN, LOUISVILLE

SMOKE STACKS,

Sheet Iron and Tank Work

JOBBER WORK SOLICITED

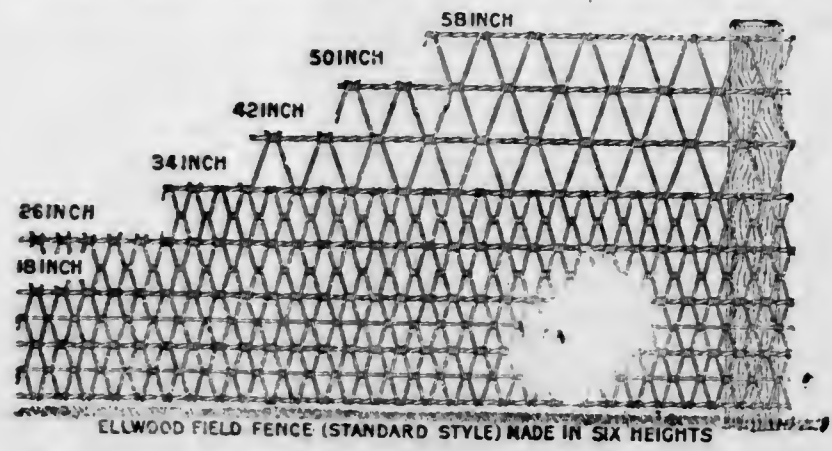
—All Kinds of Machinery Repaired—



ELLWOOD WIRE FENCE

26 INCHES HIGH AT 17 CENTS PER ROD

We will save you money on a 26 inch HOG PROOF FENCE as long as our stock of 26 inch fence lasts. We carry in stock all heights and styles of Ellwood and Square Mesh Fences.



ELLWOOD FIELD FENCE (STANDARD STYLE) MADE IN SIX HEIGHTS

Hardware, Farm Implements and Roofing.

DEHLER BROS.,

116 East Market Street, Between First and Brook.
Louisville, Ky.

We Have Prepared

A Regular Bargain Feast for Visitors to
Kentucky's State Fair

Every section of our Great Store is Teeming with Extra Ordinary Values. We want you to come and say howdy. Visit with us and make our store your Headquarters.

Hubbuck Bros. & Wellendorff,
Incorporated

522 and 524 West Market St.

Louisville's Biggest and Best Carpet and Rug Store.

The Tiller of the Soil.

There is but one person whose welfare is as vital to the welfare of the whole country as is that of the wageworker who does manual labor, and that is the tiller of the soil—the farmer. If there is one lesson taught by history, it is that the permanent greatness of any state must ultimately depend more upon the character of its country population than upon anything else. No growth of cities, no growth of wealth can make up for a loss in either the strength or the character of the farming population. In the United States more than in other country we should prize our country population. When this nation began its independent existence it was a nation of farmers. The towns were small and were for the most part more seacoast trading and fishing ports. The chief industry of the country was agriculture, and the original citizen was in some way connected with it. In every great crisis of the past a peculiar dependency has had to be placed upon the farming population; and this dependence has hitherto been justified. But it cannot be justified in the future if agriculture is permitted to sink in the scales as compared with other employments. We cannot afford to lose that permanently typical American—the farmer who owns his own farm.—Theodore Roosevelt.

McCreary Sure Winner.

The Democratic host at Louisville have done well their part. The platform promulgated by the convention should and doubtless will receive the hearty sanction of every Democratic voter in the state. It expresses the stand that will be taken by the party in the state campaign on the main issues now before the people and with this platform and with the splendid ticket of McCreary and company, not a Democrat in the State should sulk. Most any well informed politician either Democrat or Republican, will agree with you that McCreary will win by at least 25,000 majority. With this platform and our ticket pitched against O'Rear and his gang and the Phoenix Hill crazy-quilt of a platform we honestly predict McCreary's majority will not fall short of 50,000. On with the dance—Logan County News.

Could Pick Them Out.

A Republican speaker in his talk to an audience one afternoon said he could pick out any man before him and tell what party he supported. He then pointed to an elderly man to the left of the room and said: "You are a Republicae."

"Yes sir," said the man.

He then pointed to a man to the right of the hall and said he was also a Republican.

The man rose in his seat and said he was.

The speaker next pointed too sickly looking gentleman at the rear of the hall and said:

"You, sir, are a Republicau."

"No, sir, I'm not. I have had the grip for nearly two weeks, and that's the reason I look so sour."

Foxes Wanted

Live Red and Grey Foxes, Squirrels, Coons, Minks and Skunks. Send name of your express office in first letter.

W. T. HODGES
Box 232,
Campbellville, Ky.

REMEMBER

THAT

The Adair County News

Is Going To The

Cash Basis

And that Everybody who is Indebted for the Paper is Urged to Pay up within the next Few Weeks

The System will be Better for the Subscriber and also the Publisher

We do not want to Lose a Single Subscriber, but want to Add Many New Names to our already Large List

\$1.50

One Dollar and Fifty Cents gets The News and the Weekly Courier Journal One Year

Louisville Times and News

\$4.50

Attention Readers!

A special attention extended to all readers of The Adair County News, also to all visitors to Louisville during the State Fair, September 1911. As a special inducement we ask you to fill out this, cut out, sign your name and address plainly, and present at our store and we will give you on every one dollar purchase a Silver Dime. Remember we sell quality and everything as low as the lowest.

Cut out this Coupon

Name Street
Town County

CITY HALL PHARMACY, Sixth & Jefferson
Cut Rates LOUISVILLE, KY.

The Adair County News and Courier-Journal
Both One Year for \$1.50.

L. & N. Time Card

In effect Monday, Dec. 31, 1908.

SOUTH BOUND

TRAIN	LV. LOUISVILLE	AR. LEBANON
No. 27	7:00 am	9:00 am
No. 23	8:15 am	10:00 am
No. 79	5:05 pm	7:00 pm
No. 21	8:00 pm	10:00 pm
No. 93	6:30 pm	9:00 pm

NORTH BOUND

TRAIN	LV. LEBANON	AR. LOUISVILLE
No. 24	5:48 am	7:50 am
No. 78	7:32 am	10:15 am
No. 22	4:30 pm	6:55 pm
No. 92	7:32 am	10:15 am

Nos. 92 and 93 are Sunday trains only.

WILMORE HOTEL

W. M. WILMORE, Prop. r.

First-Class Table
Good Sample Rooms
Feed Stable
Reasonable Rates

GRADYVILLE, KY

C. D. Crenshaw VETERINARY SURGEON



Special Attention to Eyes

Fistula, Poll-evil, Spavin or any surgical work done at fair prices. I am well fixed to take care of stock. Money due when work is done or stock removed from stables.

LOCATION—NEAR ED. HUGHES' RESIDENCE, ON BURNSVILLE STREET.

Joseph H. Stone, Attorney-At-Law

Will practice in this and adjoining counties.
Jamtown, Ky. Kentucky.

Why Not Read The Courier Journal?

HENRY WATTERSON
Editor.

We Can Furnish You

The Adair County News

and the

Weekly

Courier-Journal

Both One Year

For \$1.50

We can also give liberal combination rate with Daily or Sunday Courier Journal. Write Courier-Journal Company, Louisville, Ky., for free sample copy of edition you desire, but be sure to send your subscription order to this paper—NOT to the Courier Journal.

Bad Spells

"I suffered, during girlhood, from womanly weakness," writes Mrs. Mollie Navy, of Walnut, N. C. "At last, I was almost bed-ridden, and had to give up. We had three doctors. All the time, I was getting worse. I had bad spells, that lasted from 7 to 28 days. In one week, after I gave Cardui a trial, I could eat, sleep, and joke, as well as anybody. In 8 weeks, I was well. I had been an invalid for 5 weary years! Cardui relieved me, when everything else failed."

TAKE CARDUI The Woman's Tonic

If you are weak and ailing, think what it would mean, to you, to recover as quickly as Mrs. Navy did. For more than 50 years, this purely vegetable, tonic remedy, for women, has been used by thousands of weak and ailing sufferers. They found it of real value in relieving their aches and pains. Why suffer longer? A remedy that has relieved and helped so many, is ready, at the nearest drug store, for use, at once, by you. Try it, today.

Write to: Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent free. 157

Dr. O. S. Dunbar

Dentist

OFFICE, FRONT ROOMS IN
JEFFRIES' BUILDING.
PHONE NO. 40, RING 3.

COLUMBIA, KENTUCKY

Res. Phone 29. Office Phone 40.

Dr. James Triplett

Dentist.

JEFFRIES BLOCK

COLUMBIA, KENTUCKY

WEEKLY GOURIER--JOURNAL

HENRY WATTERSON, Editor

Is a National Newspaper, Democratic in politics. It prints all the news without fear or favor. The regular price is \$1.00 a year, but you can get the WEEKLY COURIER--JOURNAL

AND THE ADAIR COUNTY NEWS

BOTH ONE YEAR

For \$1.50

if you will give or send your order to this paper—not to the Courier-Journal.

Daily Courier-Journal, Yr \$6.00

Sunday Courier-Journal, Yr \$2.00

We can give you a combination cut rate on Daily or Sunday if you will write this paper.

Pickett Tobacco Warehouse

INDEPENDENT

C. A. BRIDGES & Co.

PROPRIETORS.

Corner Eighth and Main Streets, Louisville, Ky.

CHAS. A. BRIDGES
W. G. BRIDGES

Four Months Storage Free

JUDGE O'REAR AN ARTFUL DODGER.

President Taft said in a recent speech that while the Massachusetts election had to do with State issues it was absolutely necessary to discuss national questions. Judge O'Rear and his organs say that national questions

have no concern for the voters of Kentucky, and that the only matter they have to settle is who to fill the State offices next November.

The President of the United States has more courage and more sincerity than Judge O'Rear. He at least stands for his convictions, and proclaims

them not only in vetoes, but in public utterances. O'Rear is anxious for the people of Kentucky to forget all about the record of his party in national affairs, because he knows that he cannot win on such a platform, the election of a Democratic Congress, and the whole trend of all public thought showing conclusively that the country is turning to the Democratic party for relief from Republican incompetency, extravagance and oppression.

Try as he may, Judge O'Rear must discuss national questions in this campaign, because the result in November will determine whether Bradley shall succeed himself, or whether Ollie James, a true Democrat, will represent Kentucky in the Senate. If the voters of this State want to be represented in the Senate by a standpat Republican who endorses the policies of President Taft, who believes in a protective tariff, and whose record as a hungry seeker after patronage is a disgrace, they will vote for Judge O'Rear, and the election of a Republican Legislature.

The Democrats are going to win this fight, because the voters want a change not only in State, but in national affairs, and the turning out of Willson only presages the turning out of Taft next year. Judge O'Rear is an artful dodger, but he is seeking votes as a Republican, and he must bear the burden of his party in the State and Nation, whether he wants to or not.

Anna, Texas.

Editor News:

Here comes an old Russell county boy with a few words to the dear old home paper. I get The News regularly each week, and I sure enjoy perusing its columns. Every issue brings me news of people I know in the grand old home state. The more I read it, the more I love it. I could not do without it now. Let every issue come.

Texas is a dry old State this year. Water is a scarce article, and is in much demand. A few showers have fallen for the past few weeks, but they have all been so light that little good was derived from them. Corn was a complete failure this time, while oats, wheat and cotton are extremely light. I do not expect cotton will average more than one-fourth bale per acre. Some has been picked out and sold for 4¢ or 5 cents to the gins. With all crops almost a failure, Texas would be in a serious condition were not her sister states to lend her a helping hand, which of course will be cordially extended.

The little town of Anna, from which I am writing this article, is situated on the H. & T. C. R. R., 42 miles north of Dallas, in the center of the great black land belt of Texas. An Interurban line also connects it with Denison and Sherman on the North, and with Dallas and Ft. Worth on the South. Anna is about the size of Russell Springs, Ky., and is almost filled with Kentuckians mostly from Adair, Casey and Russell counties.

Say, Mr. Editor, I want you to jog up your Irvin's Store correspondent a little bit, and make him contribute more often. I always look to see if he is in the list the first thing when I open the paper, and am always disappointed when I don't see him.

Money is Tight

And we all must economize by buying where we can get the lowest PRICES on any and Everything.

WOODSON LEWIS

GREENSBURG, KY.

The Great Green River Merchandise Distributor

Offers pure Hog Lard 50 lb Tins at \$5.50

" " Hogless Lard 50 lb Tins \$4.49

Highest Grade Fancy Patent Flour 65c 24lbs bag

" " " " " \$5.00 per Bbl.

Second Patent Flour. 55c 24lbs bag

" " " " " \$4.49 per Bbl.

Lard and Flour both Guaranteed to give satisfaction. If not exactly as represented, we invite you to return. No charge for what it takes to try.

Wire and Wire Fence

9 bars 33 in. Standard 25c 10 Bars 47 in Standard 28c
8 " 32 in. " 24c 7 bars 26 in " 18c

Barbed Wire, Arrow Brand, \$1.65 Spool of 80 rods.

Barbed Wire, Gliddens Brand \$2.50 Spool of 80 rods.

Wire and Wire products have advanced fully ten per cent. but we offer at same prices as made before any advance.

Fertilizers

10-2 at 90c for Corn 1-8-2 at \$1.05 corn or tobacco

2-8-4 at \$1.30 for Tobacco.

Write for prices, any analysis you need.

Disc Harrows at following Bargain Prices

8 Discs 16 in. at \$17.00 10 Discs 16 in. at \$18.00

12 " " " \$19.50 8 " 18 " " \$19.00

10 " 13 " " \$20.50 12 " " " \$21.50

Other sizes at same proportion

Cultivators

Two Horse Walking \$15.50 and \$16.00

Two Horse Riding \$25.00 and \$27.00

Our Cultivators are the best made. All Equipped with 8 points 4 shovels and 4 Bull Tongues.

Five tooth Cultivators with lever \$2.25

Fourteen tooth " " " \$3.10

Black Hawk Corn Planters, Check Rowers \$34.00 2 horse

" " " Drills One horse with Fertilizer \$11.50

" " " " " " plain \$9.50

We belong to no retailers combine. We make the Price

ARE YOU WITH US.

Correspondence Solicited, Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Also raise up your Eli and Font Hill writers from the dead, and tell that Russell Springs "feller" to set the alarm every week so he can wake up and write a letter to the News. I think all of them are feeling awful sleepy these hot Summer days. Wake up boys! What is wrong with you? Get your old stub pen and your old ink bottle and scratch a few lines from your place tonight or now. Tell us how you and your neighbors are getting along. We old Kentuckians scattered all over the United States, want to hear from you. That's why we take the paper. Wake up before Editor Harris loses a dollar.

Wishing the News continued success, and with best wishes for the Editor and readers, I am,
Yours Truly,
Alva Bowmer.

COLUMBIA DISTRICT, FOURTH ROUND.

Tompkinsville—Sept. 9—10.

Cane Valley—Sept. 13.

Gradyville—Sept. 16—17.

Columbia & Tabor, Tabor—

Sept. 23—24.

T. L. Hulse, P. E.

Absher.

Miss Sylvia Humphress is very sick with fever.

Mr. G. C. Russell is building a very large barn.

Mr. and Mrs. Owen Hendrickson and son, were visiting here several days last week.

Miss Emma Robertson spent Saturday night with her cousin, Mrs. L. F. Feese.

Mrs. Van Humphress and little son, were visiting their uncle B. F. Robertson Thursday.

Mr. C. C. Renfro is on the sick list.

Several from this place attended the singing at Little Cake last Sunday.

Mrs. Granville Russell visited her sister Mrs. Wm. Johnson Saturday.

Mr. E. S. Rice was the guest of his uncle, Mr. Marion Rice, of Campbellsville.

Miss Bertha Martin was visiting Miss Annie Sharp Saturday. Messrs. Howard Russell and Alvin Martin visited Mr. Frank Cooley Sunday.

Mr. Matthew Robertson visited his sister, at Knifley last Saturday night.

Mrs. M. A. Brockman and Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Robertson visited

FOR SALE:—One six year old combined Red Bird horse. Would trade for cattle. Call on The News.

THE LOUISVILLE TIMES

FOR 1911

BRIGHTER, BETTER,

BIGGER THAN EVER

THE REGULAR PRICE OF

THE LOUISVILLE TIMES

IS \$5.00 A YEAR.

IF YOU WILL SEND YOUR ORDER

TO US, YOU CAN GET

THE ADAIR COUNTY NEWS

AND

THE LOUISVILLE TIMES

BOTH ONE YEAR

FOR ONLY \$4.50.

THE LOUISVILLE TIMES is the best afternoon paper printed anywhere.

Has the best corps of correspondents.

Covers the Kentucky field perfectly.

Covers the general news field completely.

Has the best and fullest markets reports.

DEMOCRATIC in politics, but fair to everybody.

SEND YOUR SUBSCRIPTION RIGHT AWAY

TO THIS PAPER—not to The Louisville Times.

Very Serious

It is a very serious matter to ask for one medicine and have the wrong one given you. For this reason we urge you in buying to be careful to get the genuine—

THE FORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT Liver Medicine

The reputation of this old, reliable medicine, for constipation, indigestion and liver trouble, is firmly established. It does not imitate other medicines. It is better than others, or it would not be the favorite liver powder, with a larger sale than all others combined.

SOLD IN TOWN F2

at Roley last Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Audra Dillingham is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Owen Hendrickson, of Casey county.

Miss Susie Kate Page spent a day of last week with her cousin of this place.

Mr. W. B. Morris, the well-known produce agent, was here a few days ago.

Mrs. Haller Bault and Miss Annie Robertson were in Columbia a few days ago.

Gradyville.

We are having plenty of refreshing showers every few days.

W. L. Sharp and G. E. Nell spent a day or so in Louisville last week selling tobacco.

J. A. Diddle was in Columbia last Thursday.

J. A. Wilmore started for Lexington last Thursday where he will enter school.

Mr. W. L. Winters, our efficient cashier was in Columbia Monday.

Mr. J. M. Campbell, Breeding section, was in our midst last Friday.

Rev. W. H. C. Sandridge filled the pulpit at Union last Sunday with a very interesting sermon.

Mr. J. A. Diddle and son, Charlie, spent last Saturday at Sulphur Well.

Mrs. W. W. Yates' condition remains very critical.

Dr. L. C. Nell returned from Sulphur Well last Monday, after a week at that noted watering place. He is much improved.

Mesdames J. A. Diddle and W. L. Winters were on the sick list last week.

Miss Mildred Walker spent last week visiting in Columbia.

Messrs. Brud and Ray Walker of Nell, were in our town transacting business last week.

Mr. P. H. Keltner bought a valuable span of work mules from Ray Walker, of Nell, last week.

J. H. Smith bought 9 or 10 mule colts last week from prices ranging from \$60. to \$80. each.

Mr. W. L. Grady is erecting a handsome dwelling on his new lot near J. A. Diddle's residence. Murrell and Willis, of Columbia, have the work in charge.

The work on the Methodist parsonage and Dr. S. Simmons' residence is progressing nicely.

Mr. Charlie Sparks, the noted blacksmith of our town says he has relinquished all of his claims on stock that is going South.

Mr. Strong Hill one of our noted business men, was in partnership with Mr. Sparks on this line of stock up to the present. We have had no report from Mr. Hill suppose he has his on hands yet.

We are glad to note that Mr. J. D. Walker, who has been confined to his room for several days with a complication of diseases, is considerably better at this time and it is hoped by his many friends that he will be out at an early date.

Mr. Jim Small, of Mo., in company with Willie May and Mrs. Lizzie Thomas and nephew Mr. George May and wife and little daughter, Ruth, spent a few days visiting his brother and family, Mr. A. T. Sherrill, of our community. This meeting was quite a reunion and all were made happy to be together once more. Mr. Sherrill had not seen his sister and brother for 29 years.

French Valley.

We are very glad to report the health of Miss Lizzie Petty greatly improved and she will soon be out again.

Mr. U. T. Selby is overseeing a boundary of timber purchased of Lucien Moore which he is turning into staves.

A Mr. Perkins and wife are visiting at Richard Stearman.

Mrs. J. W. Rexroat visited her brother, J. D. Grider Monday night.

Mr. Coffey, of Georgia, is vis-

iting his brother, M. D. Coffey.

Born, to the wife of T. F. Hurt August, 28th, a son.

J. T. Hale and wife went to Casey county to see the latter's sister, Mrs. F. M. Gilpin, who is very sick.

Edward Aaron delivered a very interesting sermon here Saturday night.

Mr. J. W. Voils has moved his saw mill to Mrs. Margaret Perryman's farm.

Mrs. Sallie Hurt sold a fat cow to U. T. Selby and bought a milk cow from Wm. Murphy.

J. W. Hale and son were in Columbia Thursday.

The school at this place is progressing nicely. Prof. Hale is enjoying a large attendance and with a smile he passes everybody, full of life.

Our merchant has a big trade on watermelons. He will join the boys and guess on them.

Vester.

Last Wednesday evening, Aug., 30th, Mr. Hiram Cofer and Miss Malinda Dooley were united in marriage. The groom is a very industrious young man, who has many friends, and has been in Ill., about one year and a half and returned home last Friday. The bride is a very popular young lady by all who knew her. The ceremony was beautifully pronounced by Rev. John Rice in the presence of a large circle of friends. We extend our congratulations to this very deserving couple.

Mr. Warner Shepherd, who lives at Farmersburg, Ind., has returned home.

Mrs. Kate Sutton spent last Tuesday night with Mrs. J. S. Dooley.

Mr. Raz Sutton, of Lebanon, spent a week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charley Sutton.

Mrs. Sarah Burton and Miss Dollie Burton were visiting Mrs. S. J. Dooley last Monday.

Mr. Hiram Cofer left last Monday for Ill., where he will spend two or three months.

Rev. Jo Turner preached a very interesting sermon at Bear Wallow church last Sunday night and will preach for us again the third Saturday night and Sunday in this month.

Mr. Jim Burton and wife were visiting the latter's parents, near Sano, last Saturday night and Sunday.

Smith's Chapel.

Mrs. Mary Corbin returned home Friday after visiting her daughter at Ozark several days.

Mr. Bob Corbin and wife visited Mr. Josh Montgomery and family Tuesday.

Mr. Jo Moore and family visited Mr. England and family Sunday. Mr. England has taken the contract of ditching at Portland.

Mr. Homer Edrington visited at this place Sunday.

Maple Hill.

Mr. Iven Bennett and wife have just returned from Taylor county where they spent a few days visiting relatives.

Mr. Bob Corbin and wife, of Highland Park, are visiting relative at this place.

Mr. Selden Hatcher is reported some better.

Frank Karnes, who has been confined to his room with typhoid fever is slowly improving.

Mr. J. W. Garnett, wife and sisters, and J. I. Bennett and wife attended the Institute Monday.

Rev. Philips will hold a meeting at our new school house in October.

Mr. J. W. Bennett is in a very critical condition.

Miss Ann Todd's condition remains unfavorable.

Misses Annie and Dollie Bennett spent last Monday night with their brother, Mr. Iven Bennett.

Mr. Luther Curry has had a well put down. He reports plenty of good water.

Mrs. Allie Smith and children and Sallie Curry spent last Monday with Lory Bennett.

Mr. Brack Cain sold a milkcow to Miss Florence Bennett.

Miss Nannie East was the guest of Miss Anna Robertson Monday night.

Mr. Phil Sherrill was at Delany Robertson's a few days ago.

Mr. Travis Morton and Miss Zelma Goode were at Ray William's one night last week.

Messrs. Ray Williams and Bud Watson bought some hogs of Mr. Burt Bryant last week.

Mrs. Mary East and Miss Menifne Cheek visited at Mr. Henry Cooley's one day last week.

Rockdell, Va.—In the Courier-Journal of January the 25th you gave in answer to a request for the song "Rock Me to Sleep, Mother," only the first and second verses. Thinking that the person who wrote the request would like to have the entire poem, I am pleased to send it for publication. It was written by Mrs. Elizabeth Akers Allen, who wrote under the nom de plume of "Florence Percy," who was also the author of many other pathetic and beautiful short poems. "Rock Me to Sleep, Mother," is the most popular poem she ever wrote. I also send the "Answer to Rock Me to Sleep," which is equally beautiful. I do not know if Mrs. Allen was the author of the latter or not.

Mrs. C. W. Johnson.

Rock Me to Sleep.

Backward, turn backward, O Time, in your flight—
Make me a child again just for to-night,
Mother, come back from the echoless shore;

Take me again to your heart as of yore;
Kiss from my forehead the furrows of care,
Smooth the few silver threads out of my hair;

Over my slumbers your loving watch keep—
Rock me to sleep, mother, rock me to sleep.

Backward, flow backward, O tide of the years,
I am so weary of toil and of tears—
Toil without recompense, tears all in vain—

Take them and give me my childhood again.
I have grown weary of dust and decay—
Weary of flinging my soul wealth away;

Weary of sowing for others to reap—
Rock me to sleep, mother, rock me to sleep.

Tired of the hollow, the base, the untrue,
Mother, O mother, my heart calls for you.

Many a summer the grass has grown green,
Blossomed and faded our faces between;
Yet, with strong yearning and passionate pain,

Long I to-night for your presence again.
Come from the silence so long and so deep—
Rock me to sleep, mother, rock me to sleep.

Over my heart in the days that are flown,
No love like mother-love ever has shown;

No other worship abides and endures—
Faithful, unselfish and patient, like yours;

None like a mother can charm away pain
From the sick soul and the world-weary brain,

Slumber's soft calms o'er my heavy lids creep—
Rock me to sleep, mother, rock me to sleep.

Come, let your brown hair, just lighted with gold,
Fall on your shoulders again as of old;
Let it drop over my forehead to-night,

Shading my faint eyes away from the light;
For, with its sunny-edged shadows once more,
Haply will throng the sweet visions of yore.

Lovingly, softly, its bright billows sweep—
Rock me to sleep, mother, rock me to sleep.

Mother, dear mother, the years have been long
Since I last listened your lullaby song;
Sing then, and unto my soul it shall seem

Womanhood's years have been only a dream,
Clasped to your heart in a loving embrace,
With your light lashes just sweeping my face,

Never hereafter to wake or to weep—
Rock me to sleep, mother, rock me to sleep.

"Florence Percy."

Answer to Rock Me to Sleep.

My child, ah, my child! thou art weary to-night,
Thy spirit is sad, and dim is the light;
Thou wouldst call me back from the echoless shore,

To the trials of life, to thy heart as of yore;
Thou longest again for my fond loving care,
For my kiss on thy cheek, for my hand on thy hair;

But angels around thee their loving watch keep,
And angels, my darling will rock thee to sleep.

Backward? Nay, onward, ye swift rolling years!
Gird on thy armor, keep back thy tears;
Count not thy trials nor efforts in vain—

They'll bring thee the light of thy childhood again.
Thou shouldst not weary, my child, by the way,
But watch for the light of that brighter day;

Not tired of "sowing for others to reap,"
For angels, my darling will rock thee to sleep.

Tired, my child, of the base, the untrue!
I have tasted the cup they have given to you—
I've left the deep sorrow in the living green

Of a low, mossy grave by a silvery stream.
But the dear mother I ther. sought for in vain
Is an angel presence and with me again,

And in the still night, from the silence so deep,
Come the bright angels to rock me to sleep.

Nearer thee now than in days that are flown,
Purer the love light encircling thy home;
Far more enduring the watch for to-night,

Than ever earth worship away from the light.
Soon the dark shadows will linger no more,
Nor come to thy call from the opening door;

But know thou, my child, that the angels watch keep,
And soon, very soon, they'll rock thee to sleep.

They'll sing thee to sleep with a soothing song,
And waking, thou'lt be with a heavenly throng;

And thy life, with its toil, its tears and its pain,
Thou wilt then see has not been in vain.
Thou wilt meet those in bliss whom on earth thou didst love,

And whom thou hast taught of the "mansions above,"
"Never hereafter to suffer to weep."
The angels, my darling, will rock thee to sleep.

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PROGRAM.

Of the Co-operation meeting of the Christian Church of Adair County which will convene with Tabernacle Church Friday evening Oct. 27th 1911, 7:30 p. m.

- 1 Devotional.
- 2 Purpose of this meeting
- 3 Duty of Church to its preacher

F. J. BARGER.

P. M. BRYANT.

W. H. CUNDIFF

SATURDAY MORNING 9 O'CLOCK.

Devotional

- 2 Church of Christ,

- (a) Condition of membership

TOBIAS HUFFAKER

- (B) Its obligation to Foreign Immigration in America,

J. Q. MONTGOMERY.

J. R. WOODRUM

- (c) Its obligation to the world

W. G. MONTGOMERY.

J. P. DANIEL

- 2 The relation of our County District and State meetings

Z. T. WILLIAMS.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON 1:50

- 1 The Bible School its Benefits,

LUTHER YOUNG.

LESLIE BOTTOM.

- 2 Evidence of Pardon,

F. J. BARGER.

TOBIAS HUFFAKER.

- 3 Reports of Chuches

- 4 Reports of Evangelist.

- 5 Reports of committees.

SATURDAY NIGHT 7:30.

- 1 The needs of the churches in Adair county and How to supply them.

TOBIAS HUFFAKER.

F. J. BARGER.

- 2 Place of Prayer in conversion,

Z. T. WILLIAMS.

Sermon Sunday morning 11 o'clock.

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GREENSBURG, KY.

PNEUMONIA

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